

The pathways of Insulin Resistance

Exposure and Implications

Ivor Cummins, BE(Chem) CEng MIEI



***...with special thanks to
Gabor Erdosi MSc Molecular Biology / Molecular Genetics***

Disclosure

1. My work is supported by David Bobbett and the Irish Heart Disease Awareness (<http://www.ihda.ie/>)
2. David Bobbett and the IHDA are funding myself and Dr. Gerber's new book which includes the content in this presentation
3. No financial ties to the heart imaging industry (!)



Content

1. The Exposure
2. Paths to Hyperinsulinemia / IR
3. The Power of the CAC Score
& a word on LDL, the ‘bad cholesterol’
4. Wrapup

HYPERINSULIN

Remains ACTIVE

Gets SUPPRESSED

INSULIN RECEPTOR

IRS-1

SHC

PI3K-C1

GRB2 / SOS

PI(3,4,5)P₃

RAS

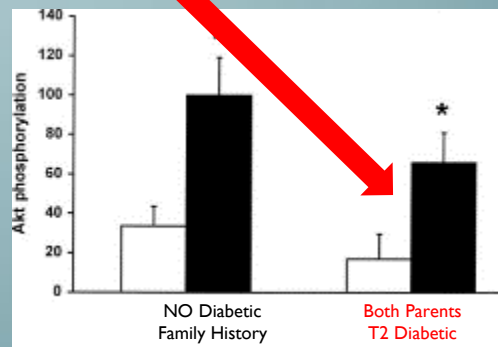
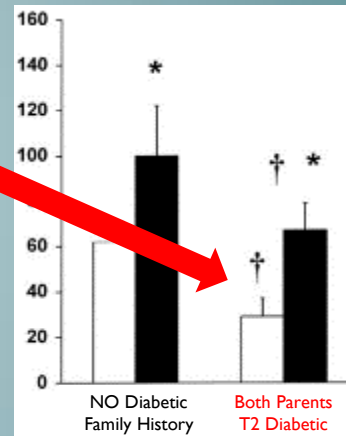
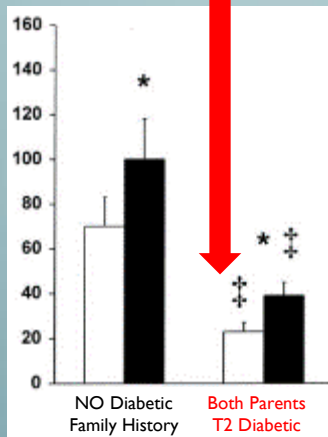
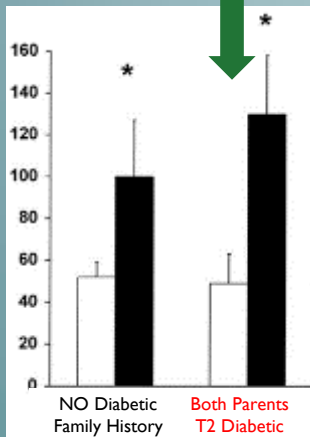
mTORC2

RAF

AKT/PKB

MEK

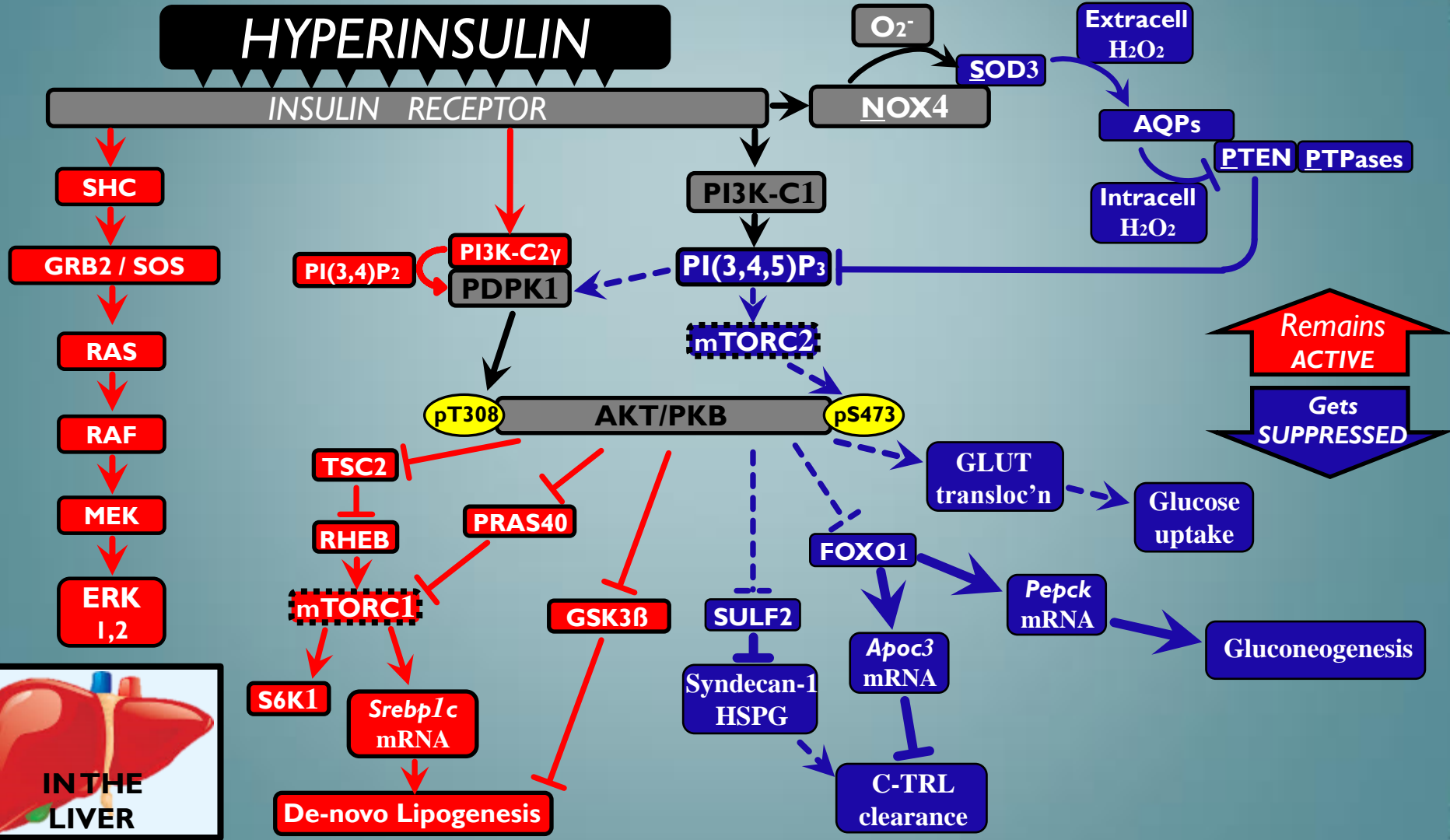
ERK 1,2



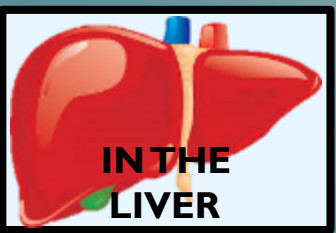
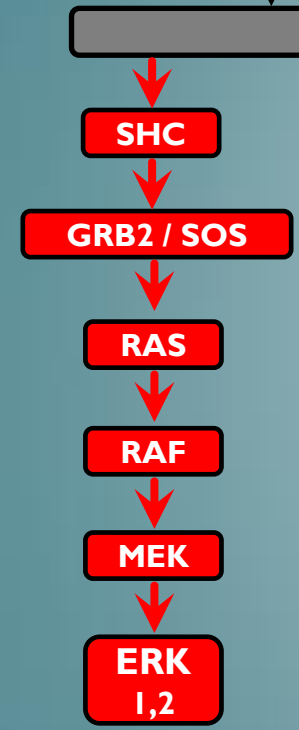
Basal
 Insulin Stimulated

Skeletal Muscle Insulin Resistance in Normoglycemic Subjects With a Strong Family History of Type 2 Diabetes Is Associated With Decreased Insulin-Stimulated Insulin Receptor Substrate-1 Tyrosine Phosphorylation *DIABETES*, VOL. 50, NOVEMBER 2001

HYPERINSULIN



H



S6

PART I

THE EXPOSURE



Dr. Joseph R. Kraft, MD, MS, FCAP

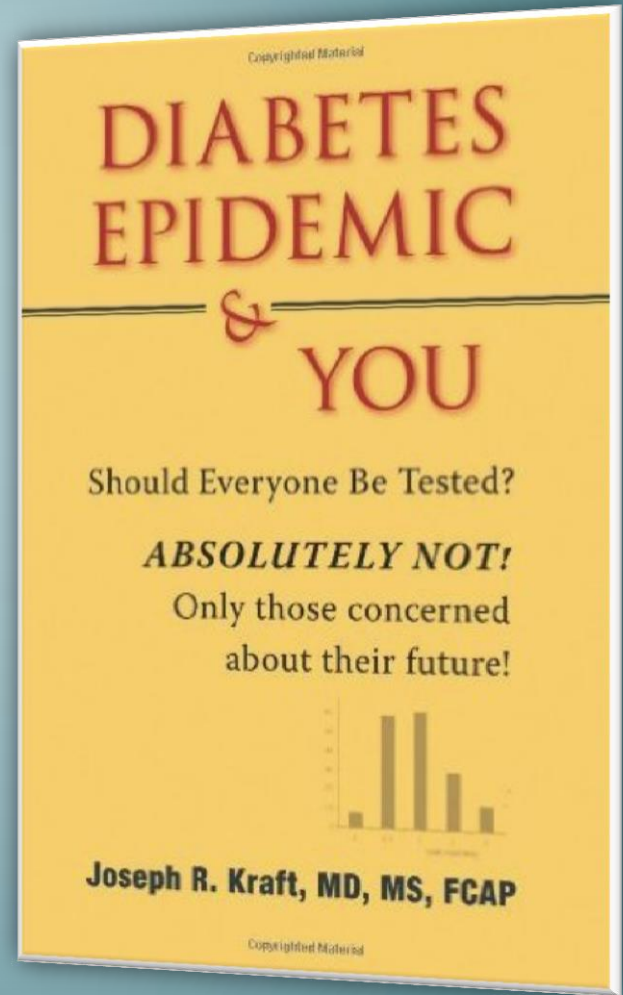
1922 – 2017

Chairman, Department of Clinical Pathology and Nuclear Medicine,
St. Joseph's Hospital 1962-1990 (appointed Chairman Emeritus on retirement)



Dr. Joseph R. Kraft, MD, MS, FCAP
1922 – 2017

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**Hyperinsulinemia and
Insulin Resistance:
“They are not combatants.
They are one and the same.”**

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1922 – 2017

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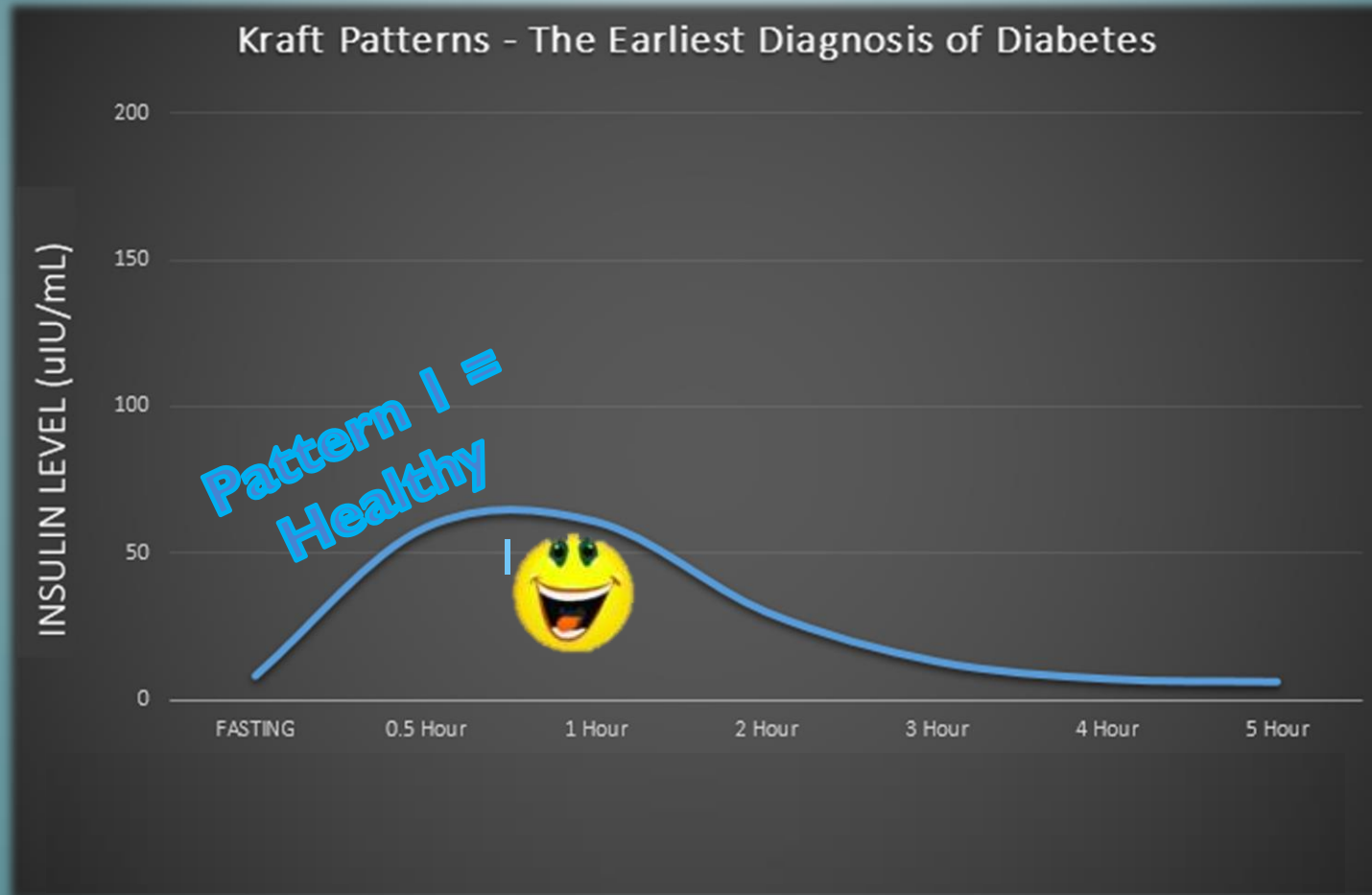
The Kraft “Diabetes In Situ” Test

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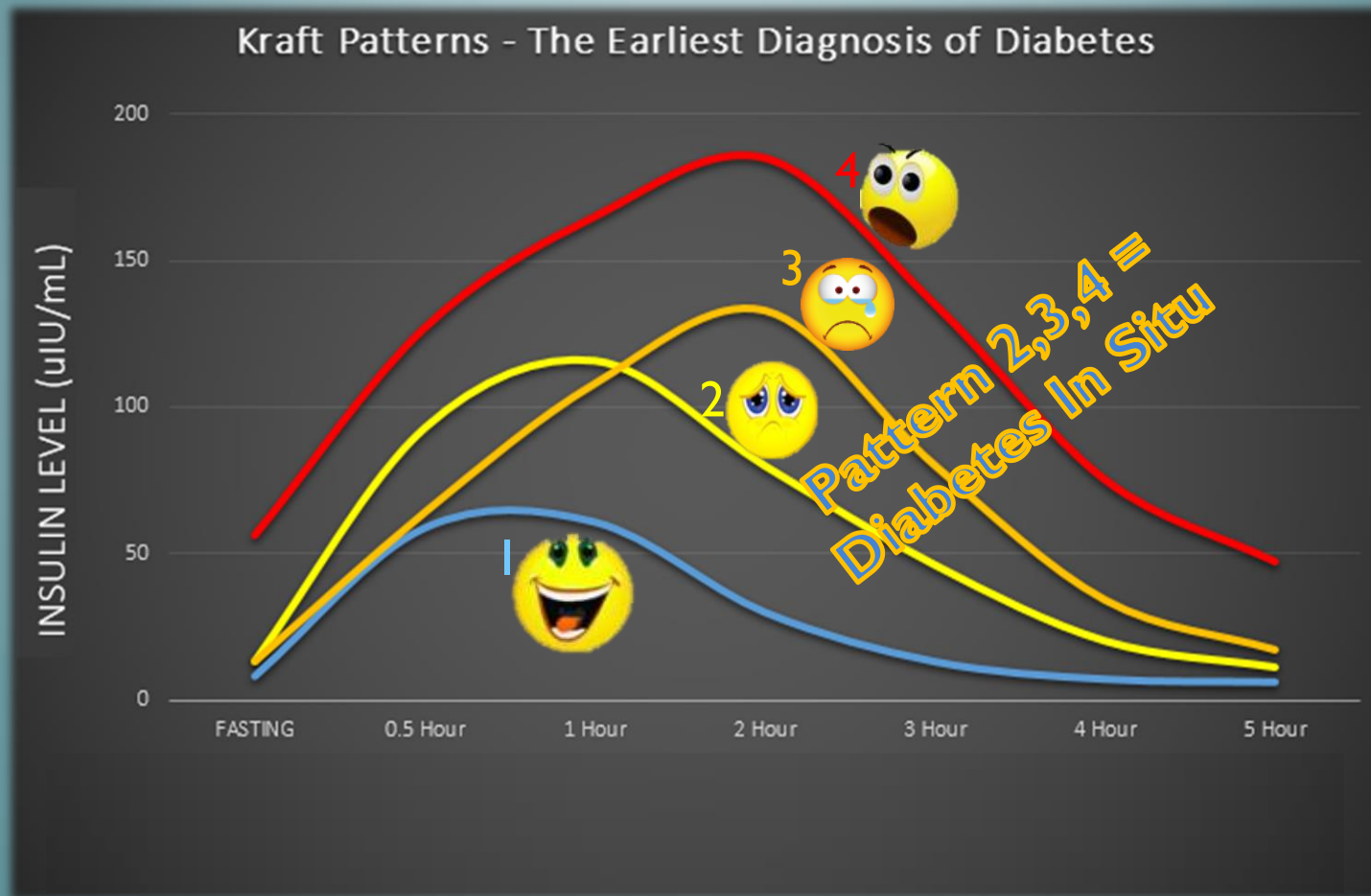
Kraft Patterns - The Earliest Diagnosis of Diabetes



Kraft Pattern I - Euinsulinemia (Non-Diabetic)



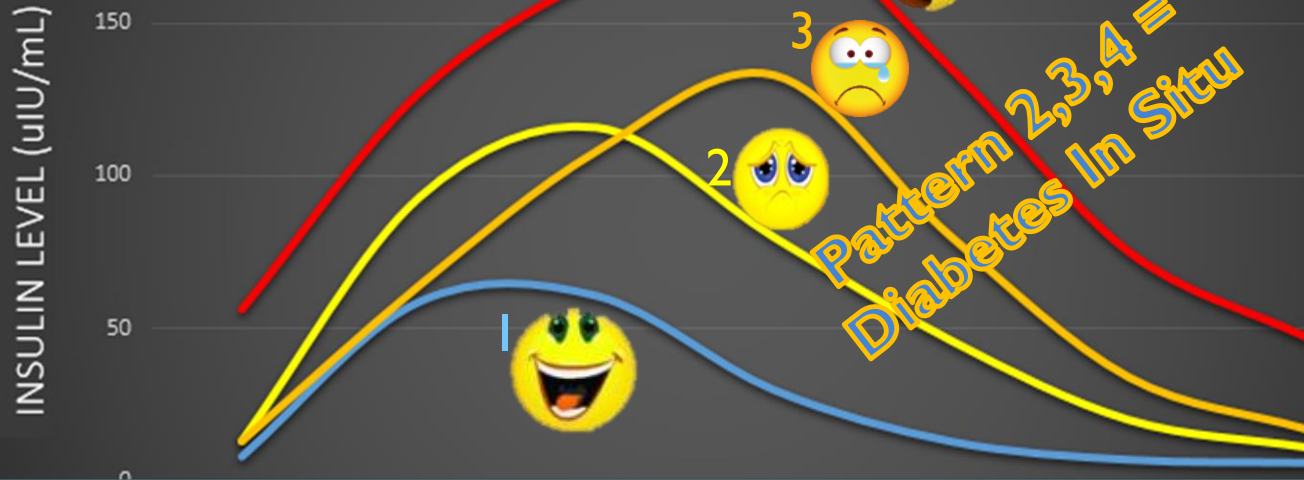
Kraft Pattern 2, 3, 4 - Hyperinsulinemia (Diabetes in Situ)



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Kraft Patterns - The Earliest Diagnosis of Diabetes


> 14k People

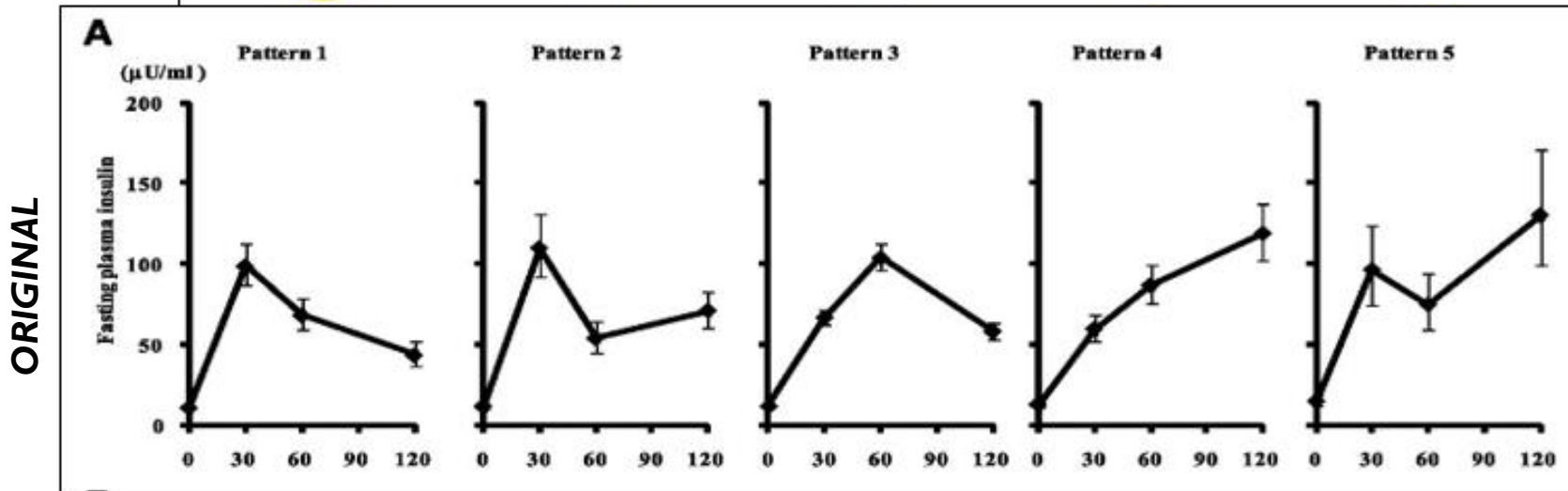


“The Earliest Laboratory Diagnosis for Diabetes” - Dr. Joseph R. Kraft

Kraft predicts Full-blown T2D...2013 Study

**DIABETES
INCIDENCE**
11 Years Later

	Pattern 1	Pattern 2	Pattern 3	Pattern 4	Pattern 5
DIABETES INCIDENCE	3%				
<i>11 Years Later</i>					






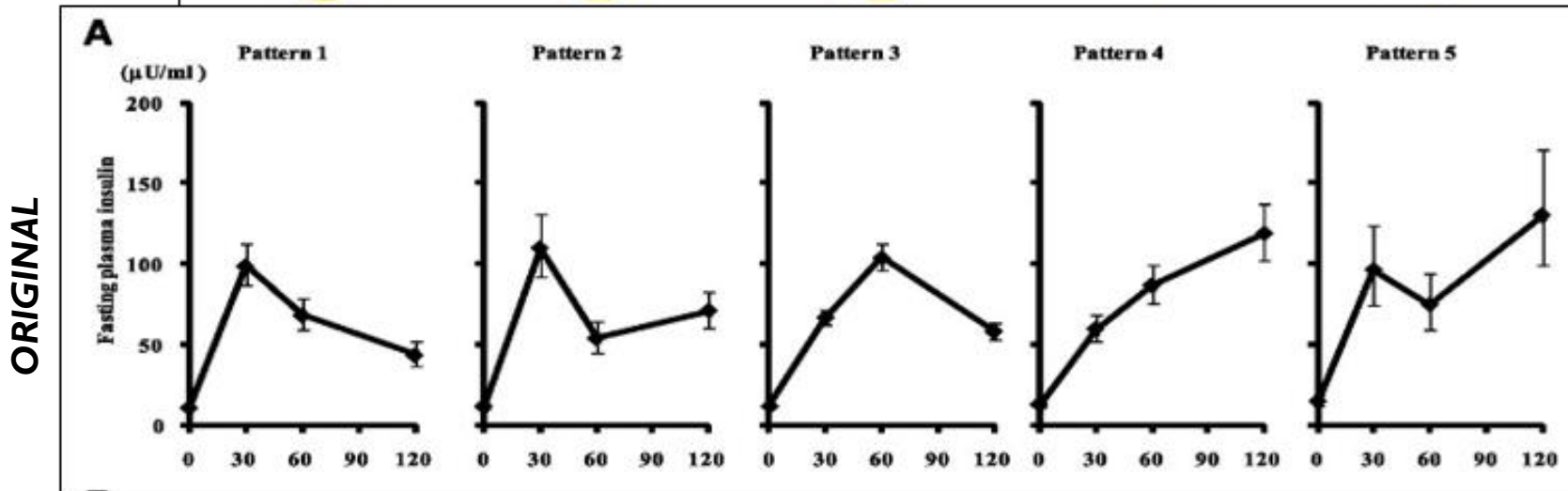
Patterns of Insulin Concentration During the OGTT Predict the Risk of Type 2 Diabetes in Japanese Americans

DIABETES CARE, VOLUME 36, MAY 2013

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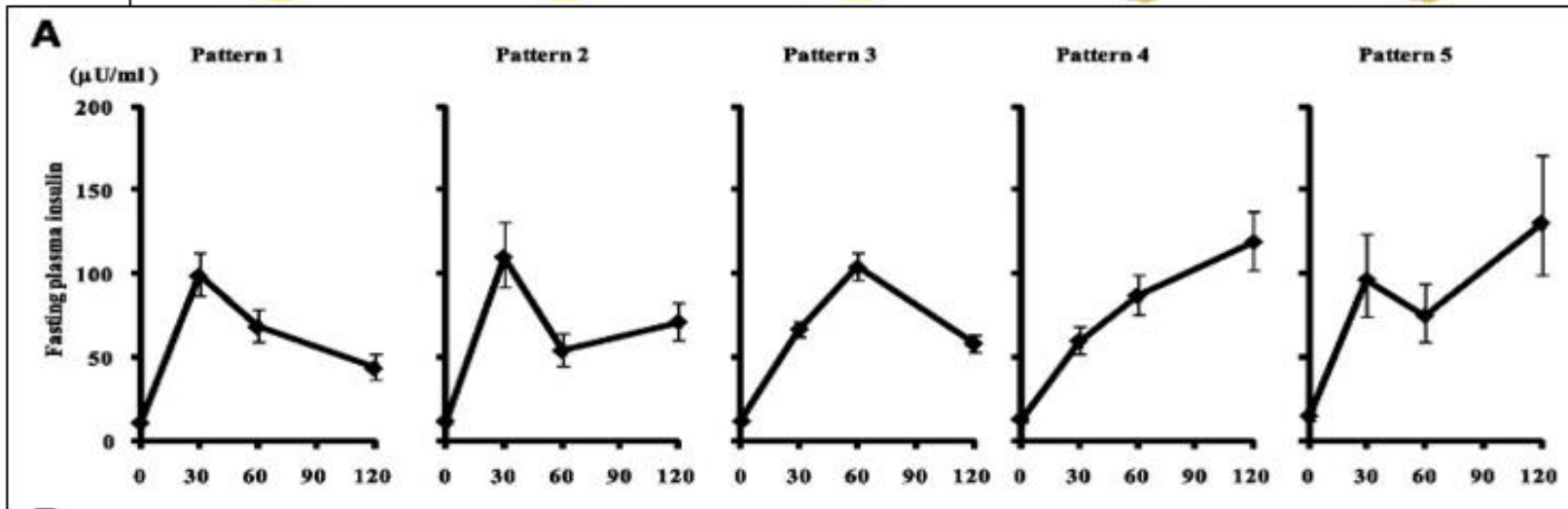
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**DIABETES
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Pattern 1	Pattern 2	Pattern 3	Pattern 4	Pattern 5
3%	10%	15%	48%	38%
				

ORIGINAL



Patterns of Insulin Concentration During the OGTT Predict the Risk of Type 2 Diabetes in Japanese Americans

DIABETES CARE, VOLUME 36, MAY 2013

And did you know...

That 49%-52% in the US are now...
pre-Diabetic or Diabetic.

Pre-Diabetic ≈ Diabetic ≈ Insulin Resistant ≈ Hyperinsulinemic

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Using Kraft's test, probably >65% would have
Hyperinsulinemia / Diabetes In Situ

And did you know...

“Those with cardiovascular disease not identified with diabetes... are simply undiagnosed” - Dr. Joseph R. Kraft

Using Kraft's test, many more would have
Hyperinsulinemia / Diabetes In Situ

Latest Data...2015 Study

Diabetes and Heart Disease – Terrible Twins

Screening for dysglycaemia in patients with coronary artery disease as reflected by fasting glucose, oral glucose tolerance test, and HbA1c: a report from EUROASPIRE IV--a survey from the European Society of Cardiology

European Heart Journal, 02/12/2015 Evidence Based Medicine Clinical Article

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I'd be surprised if many of the remaining 34% would pass a Kraft Test...!

Very Latest Data...Feb 15th 2017 - Medscape

Cardiology

CVD Burden in U.S. Expanding Faster Than Expected

— 2015 saw levels once projected for 2030, report says

The growth in cardiovascular disease has outpaced expectations, reaching a prevalence of 41.5% in 2015 -- 15 years ahead of schedule, according to a report from the American Heart Association (AHA).

"So in short, the burden of CVD is growing faster than our ability to combat it," he said -- and the projections suggested it will get worse.

What about Hyperinsulinemia/IR
versus Cholesterol
...as cause of CVD?

What do Leading-Edge Experts Say?

- 'Cholesterol and Disease' Experts are called '**Lipidologists**'
- One of the USA's foremost is Thomas Dayspring, MD, FACP, FNLA, NCMP
 - Clinical Assistant Professor of Medicine, Director of Cardiovascular Education

← In reply to Ivor Cummins



Thomas Dayspring @Drlipid · 11 Nov 2014

@**FatEmperor** Current NHANES data: majority of MI are explained by IR. But real message is unless >200 mg/dL - LDLc is terrible biomarker

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My translation:

1) In reality, the majority of Heart Attacks are due to INSULIN RESISTANCE

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My translation:

- 1) *In reality, the majority of Heart Attacks are due to **INSULIN RESISTANCE***
- 2) *LDL is a **near-worthless predictor for cardiovascular issues****

*(people with LDLc above 200mg/dL, or 5.3mmol/L are rare...)

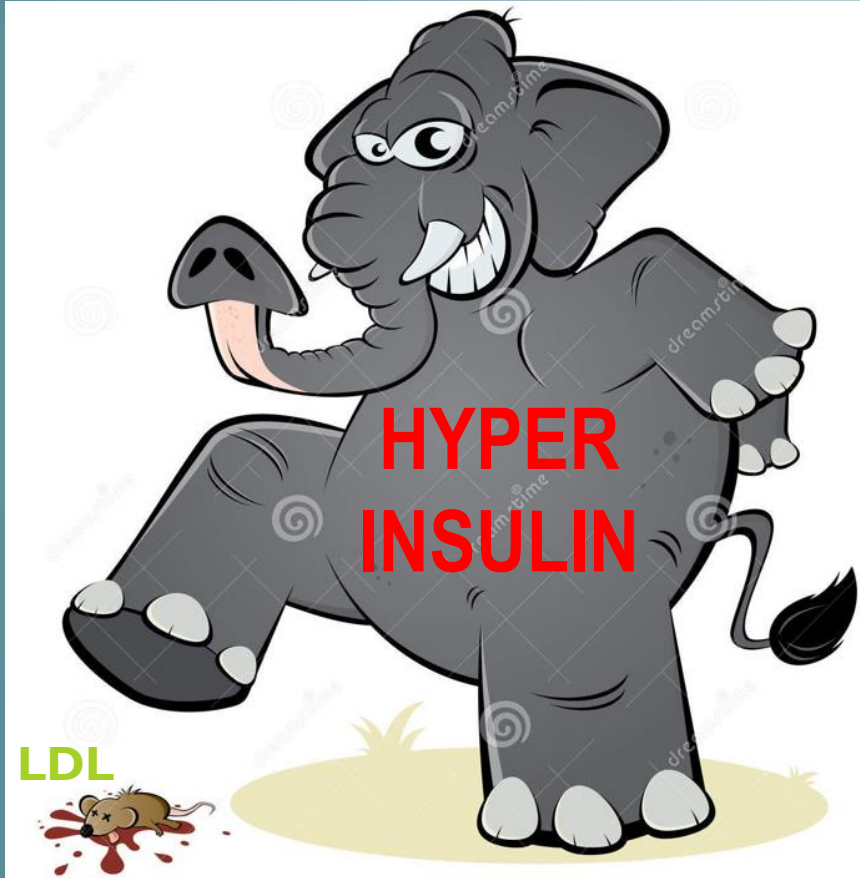
So what is this '**Insulin Resistance**' thing then?

LDL



Well, if this is 'LDL' as a causal driver of Coronary Vascular Disease...

So what is this 'Insulin Resistance' thing then?



...then this is
INSULIN
RESISTANCE !

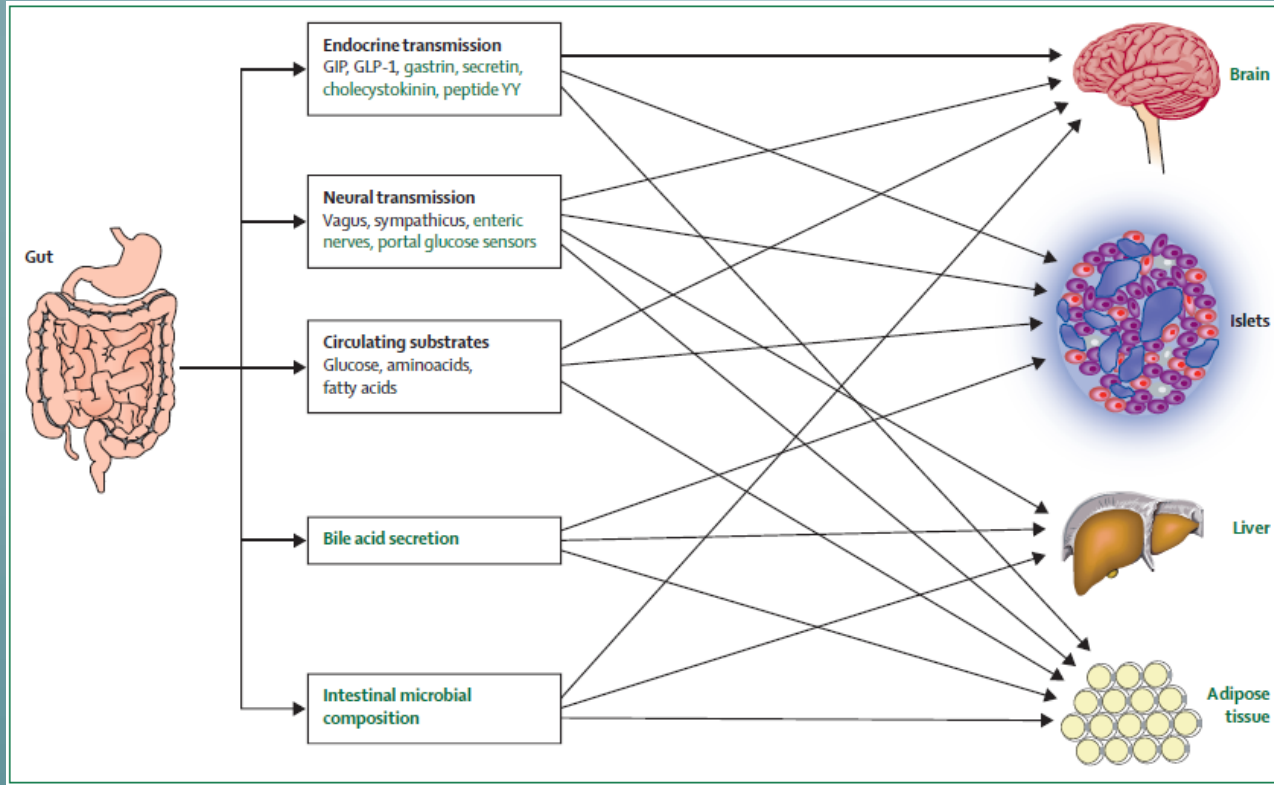
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PART 2

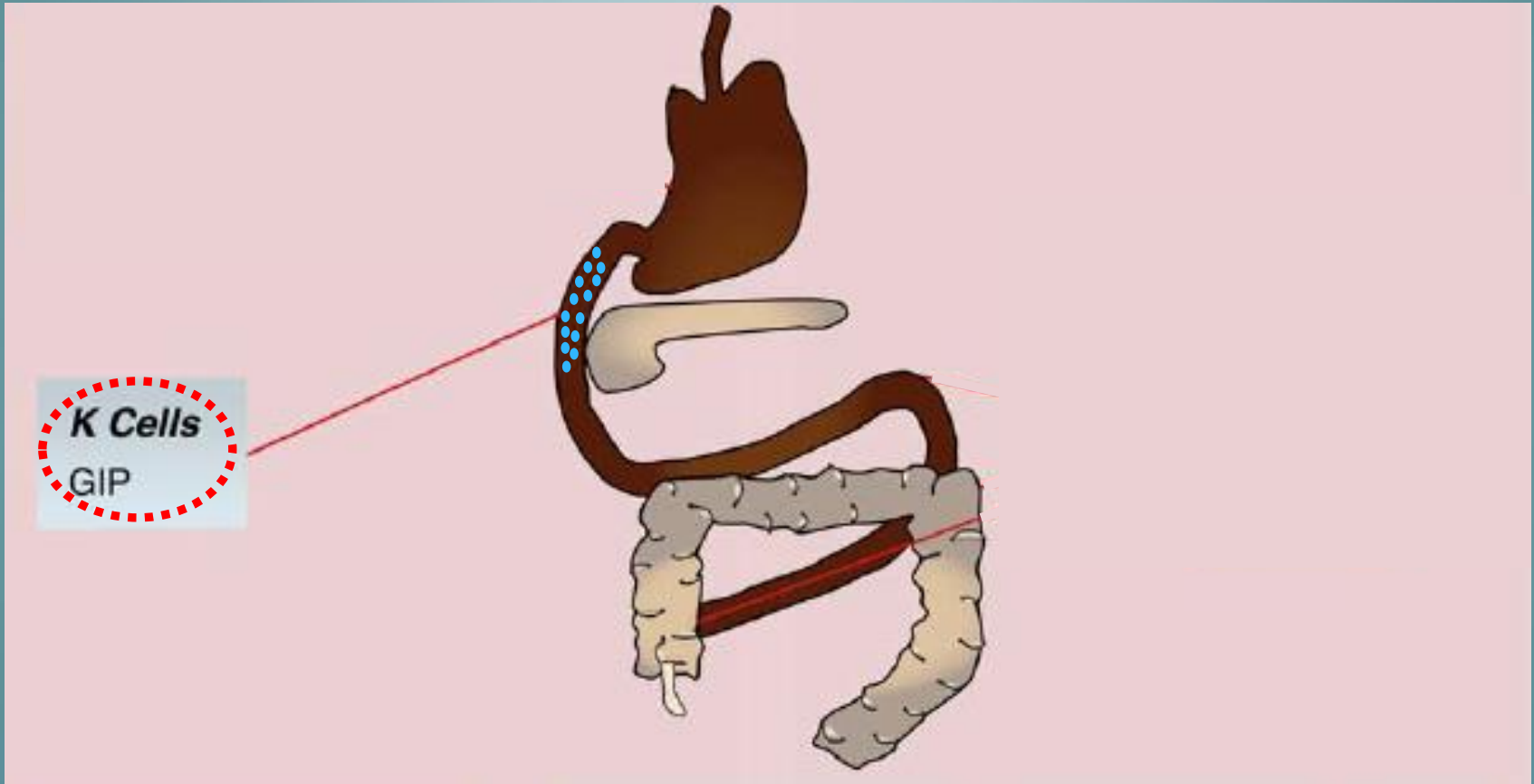
Paths to Hyperinsulinemia / IR

Pathway to Hyperinsulinemia/IR

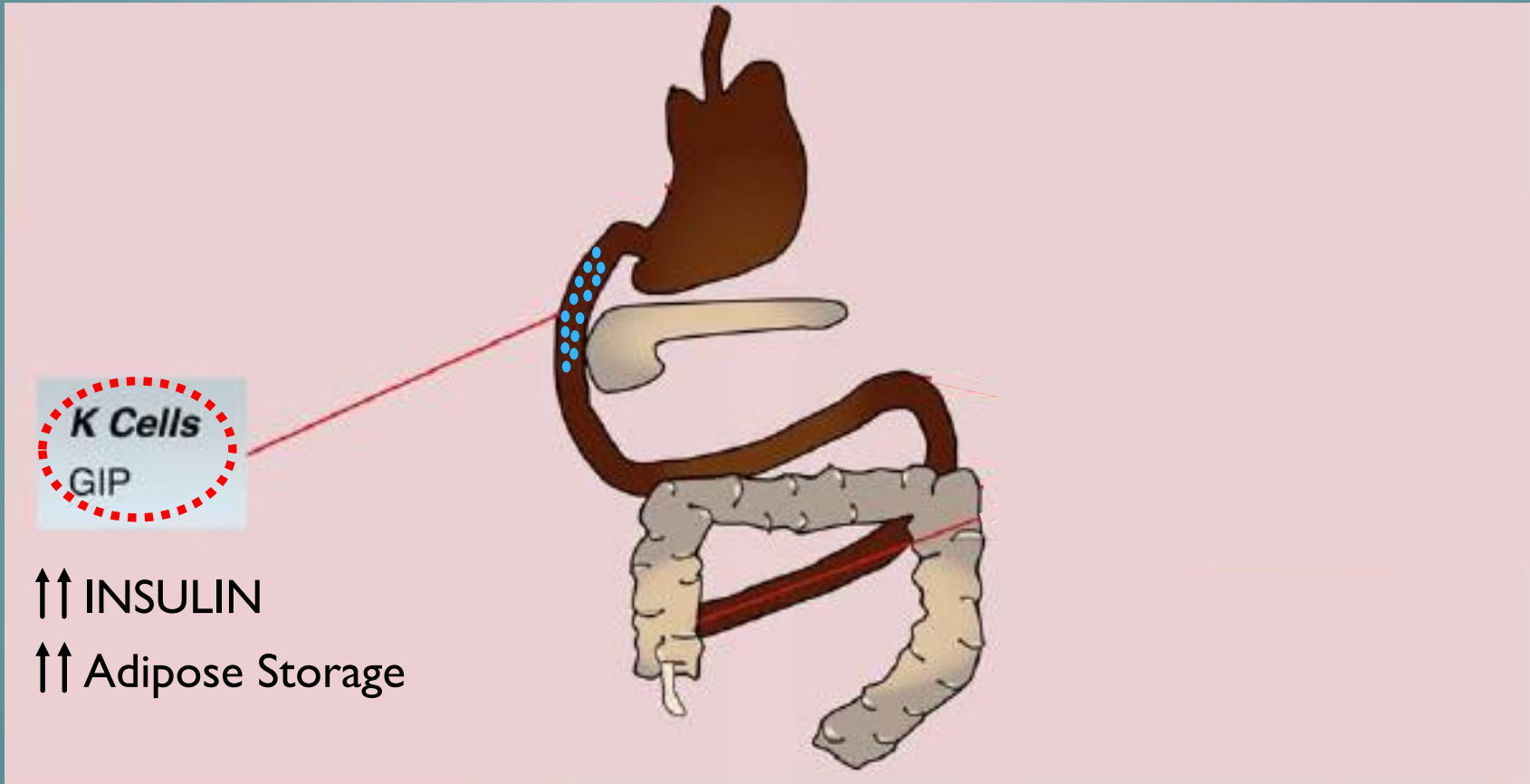
"The Gut is Ground Zero"



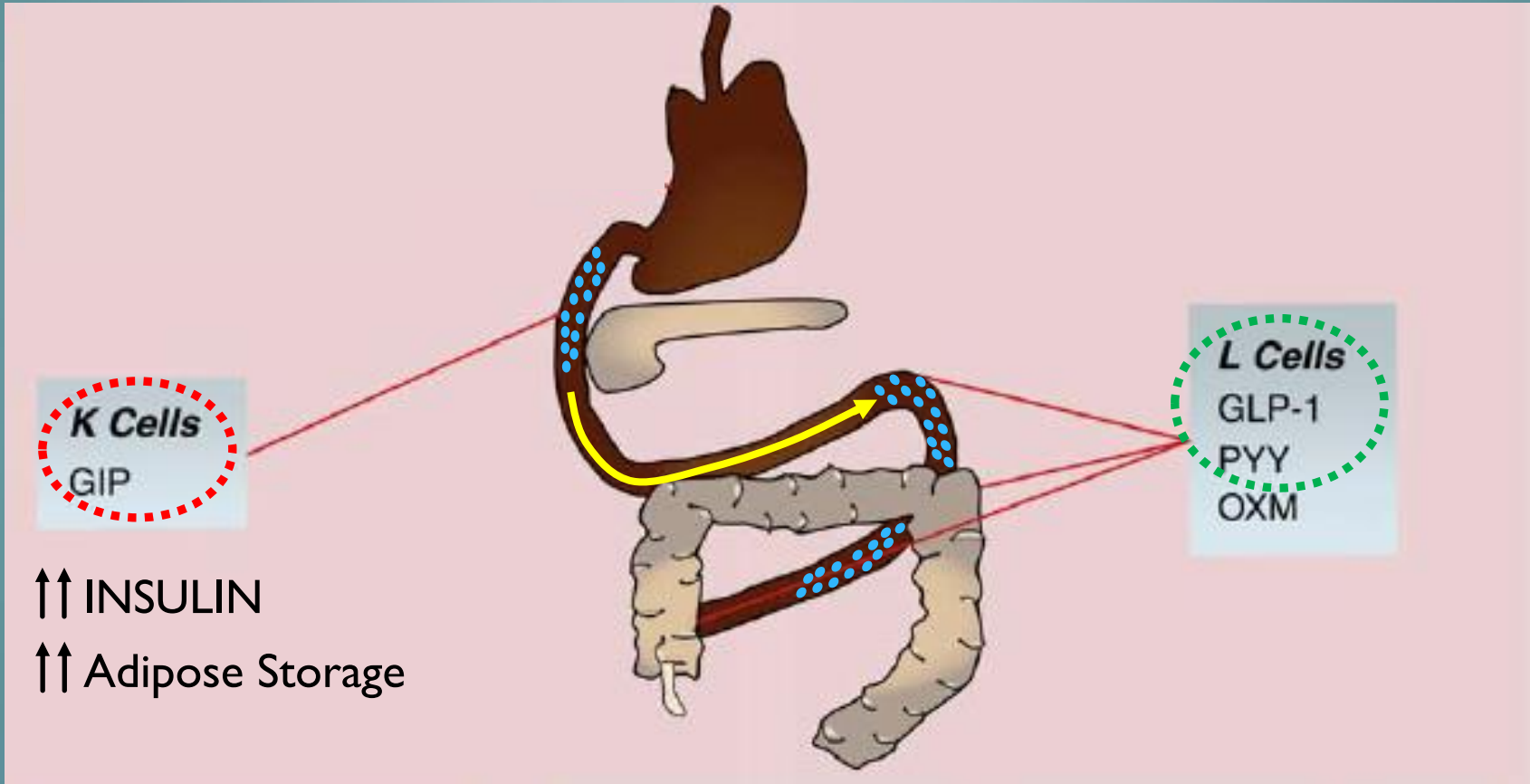
Intestinal Imperatives – and the Incretin Effect



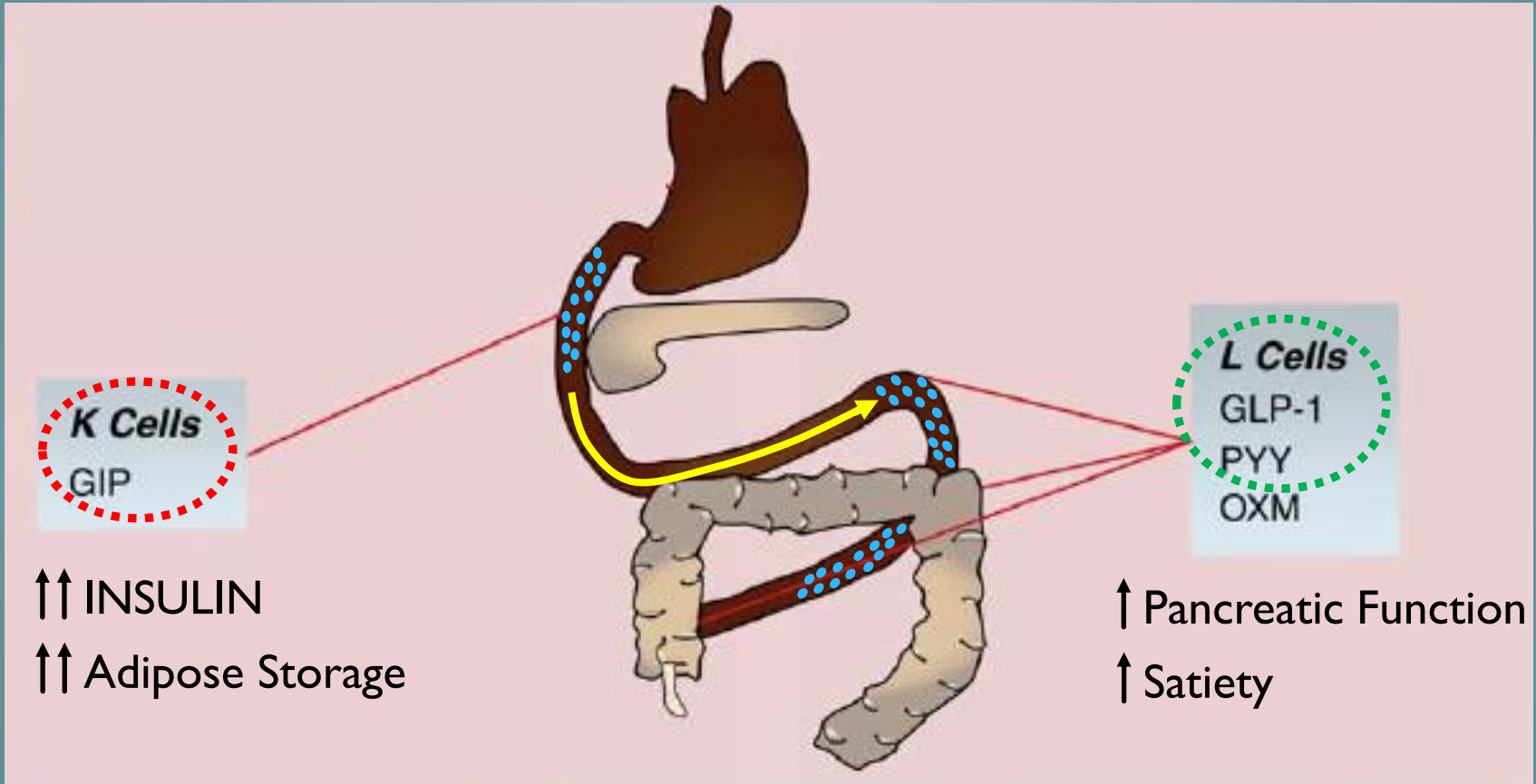
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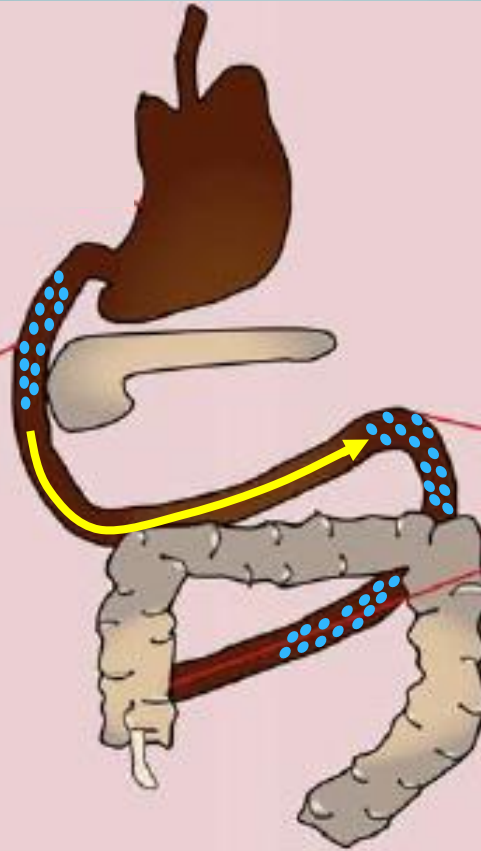
Intestinal Imperatives – and the Incretin Effect

What drives up GIP?

1. Carbohydrate (glucose)
 - especially refined
2. Fat + glucose combo

K Cells
GIP

↑↑ INSULIN
↑↑ Adipose Storage



L Cells
GLP-1
PYY
OXM

↑ Pancreatic Function
↑ Satiety

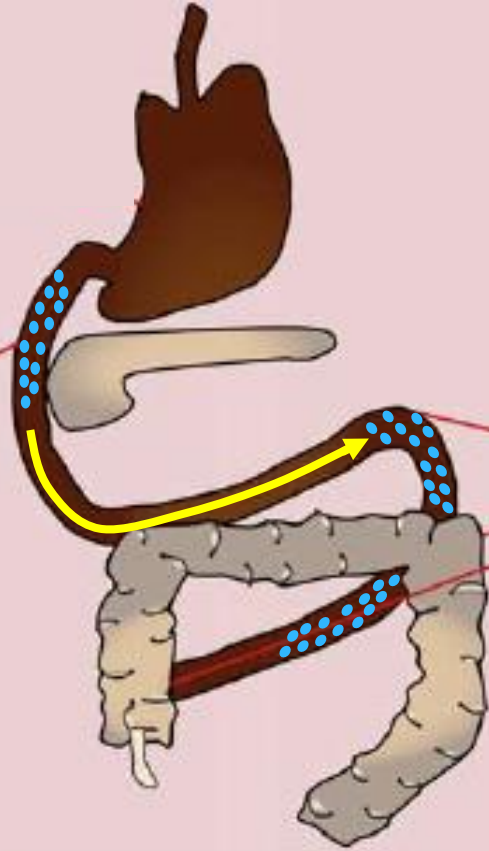
Intestinal Imperatives – and the Incretin Effect

What drives up GIP?

1. Carbohydrate (glucose)
 - especially refined
 2. Fat + glucose combo
- ...*but not Fat on it's own*

K Cells
GIP

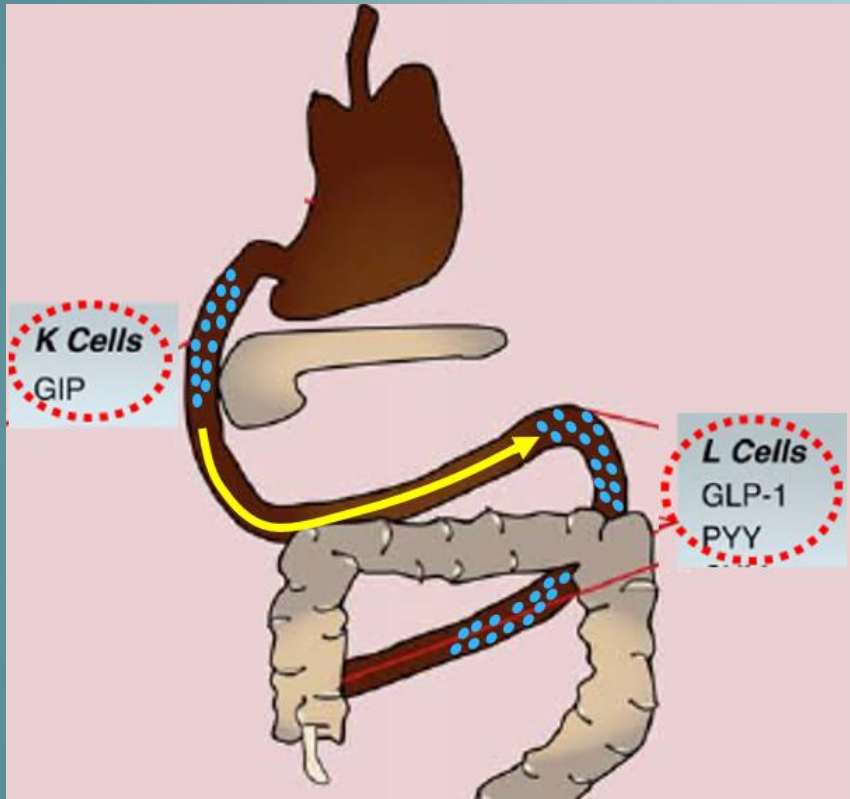
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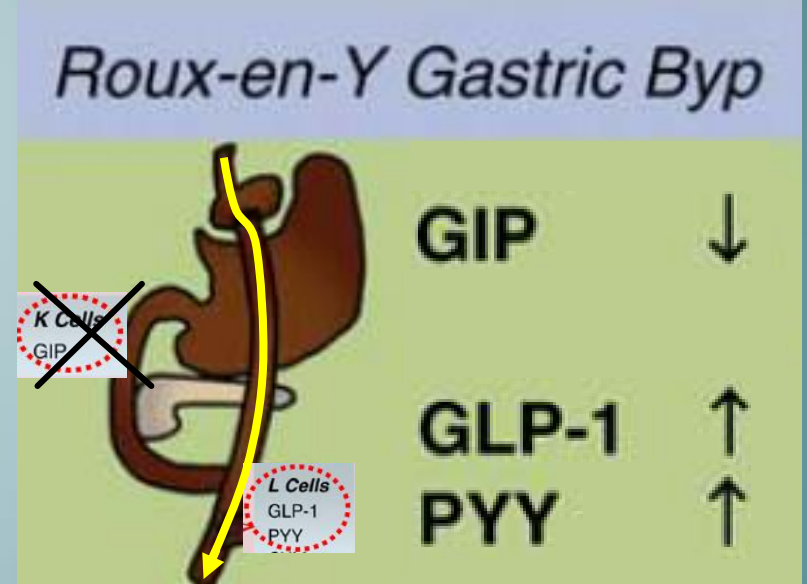
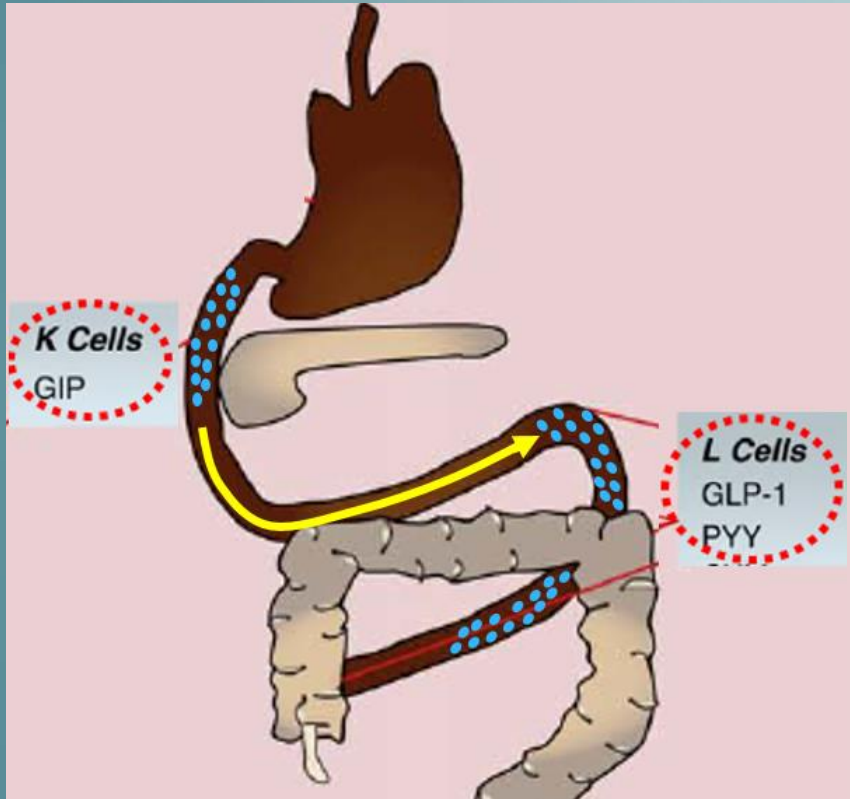
L Cells
GLP-1
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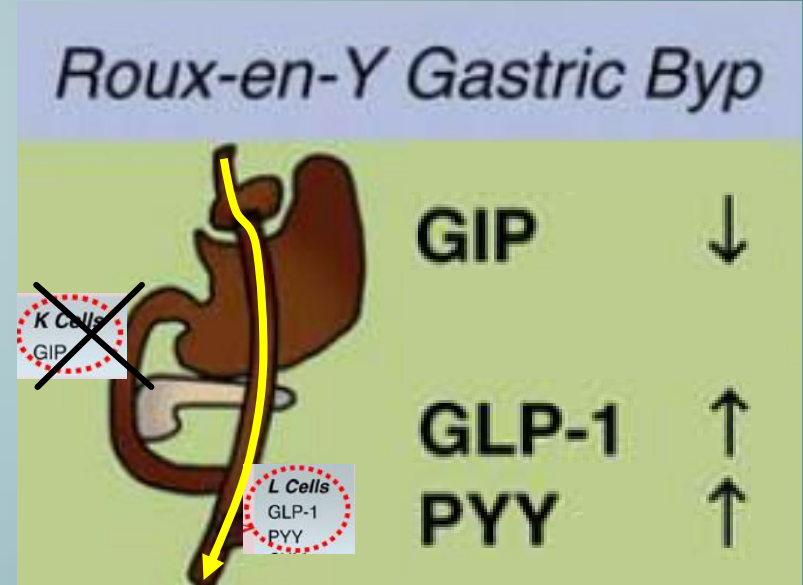
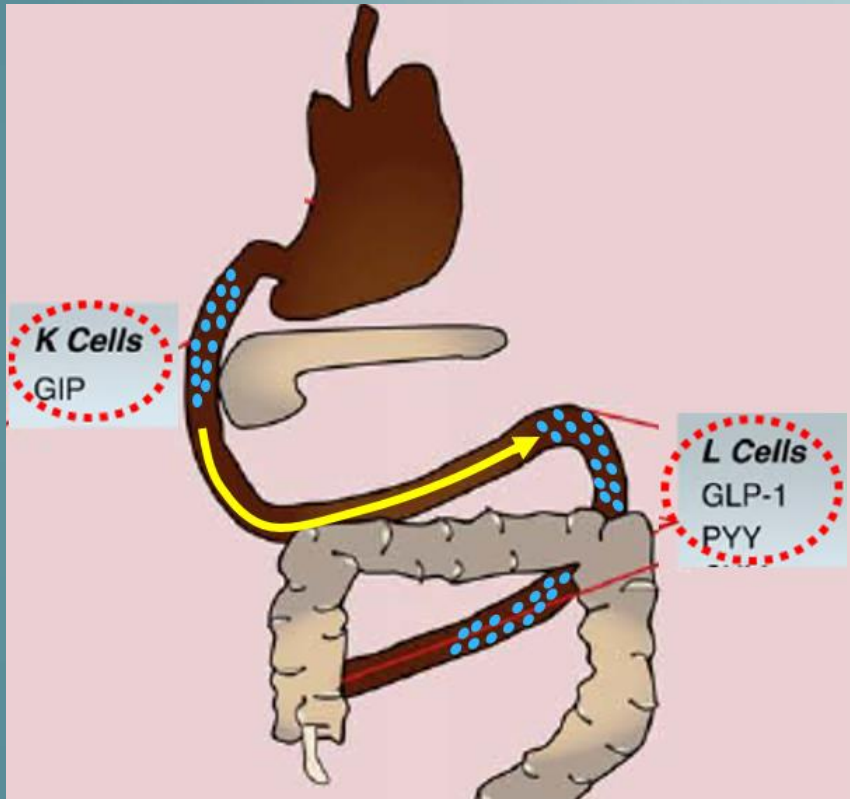
What can Gastric Bypass Surgery outcomes tell us?



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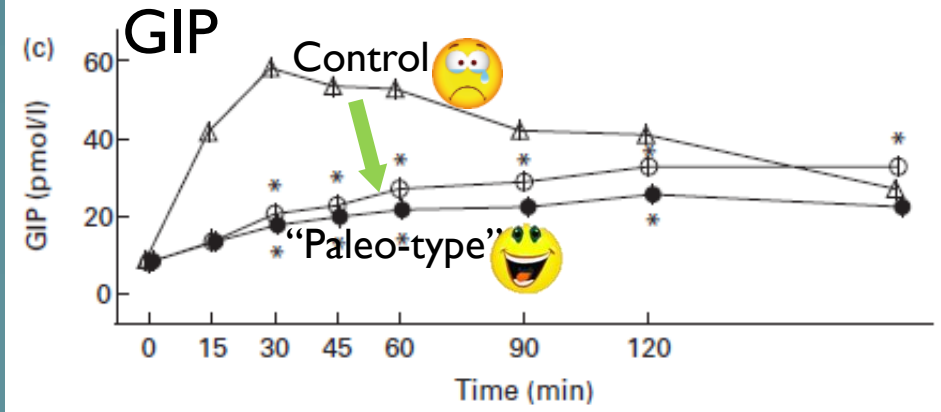


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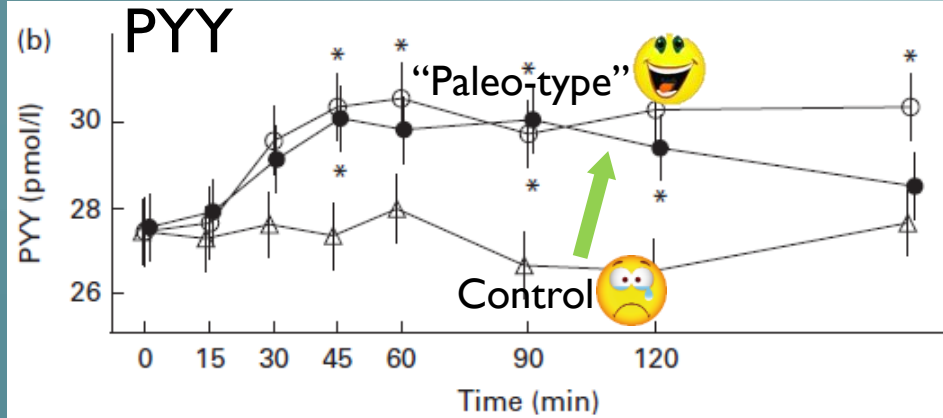
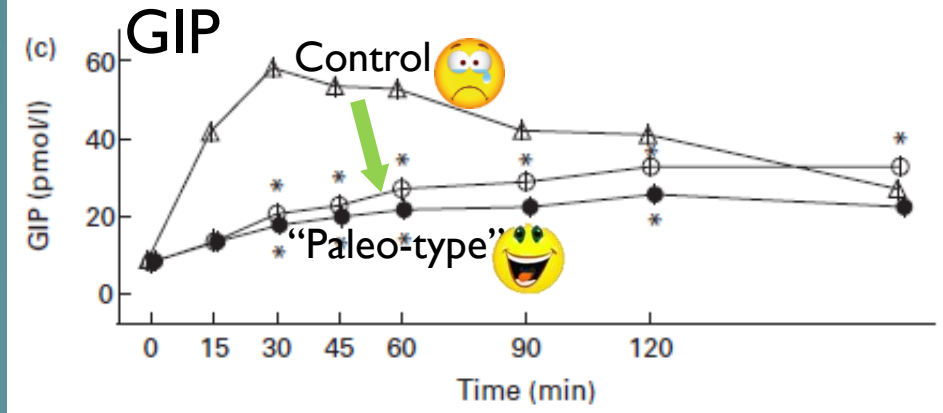
- GIP, GLP-I & PYY resolve Blood Glucose control – **way ahead of weight loss**
- The “Diabetic” GIP to GLP-I & PYY ratio is reversed – **signaling is restored**

So surgery does the trick - but what can **Diet** do?



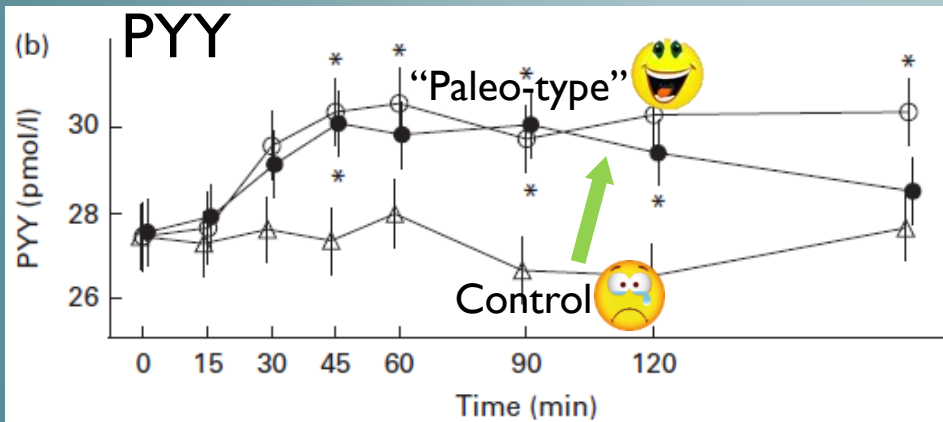
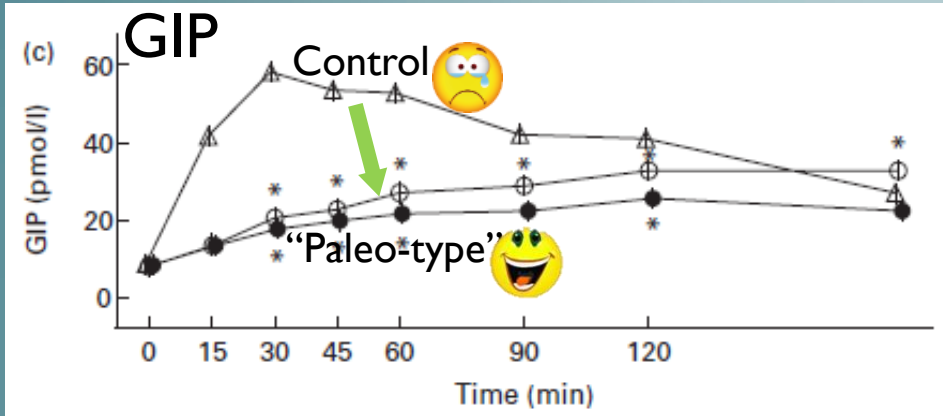
Plant-rich mixed meals based on Palaeolithic diet principles have a dramatic impact on incretin, peptide YY and satiety response, but show little effect on glucose and insulin homeostasis: an acute-effects randomised study *British Journal of Nutrition* (2015), 113, 574–584

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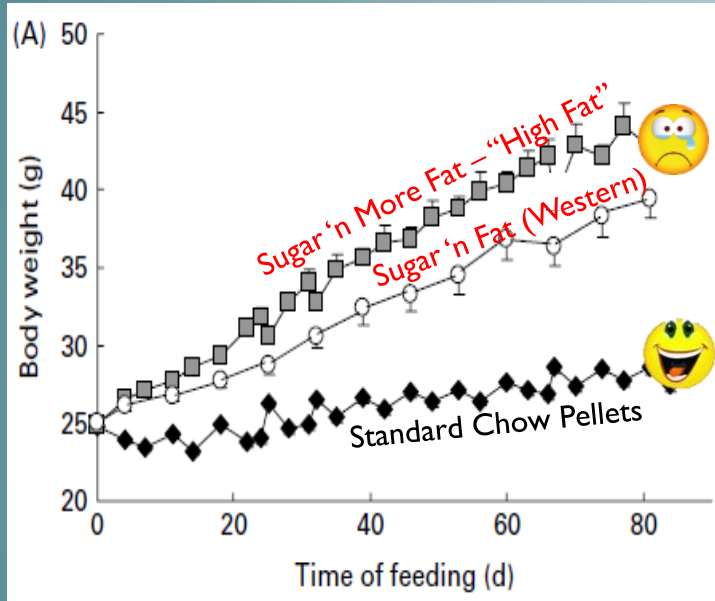
➤ **Other studies show that cellular structure of food is key**

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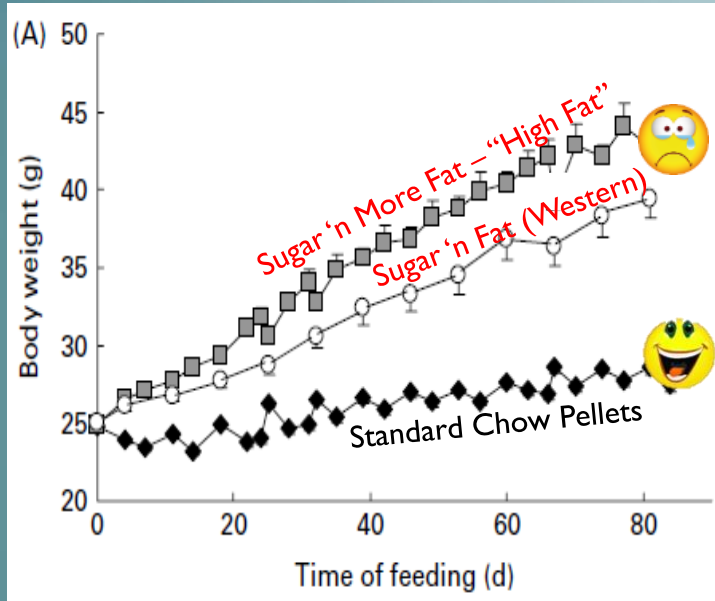
Refined Food makes Refined Mice? Or does it make **FAT** Mice?



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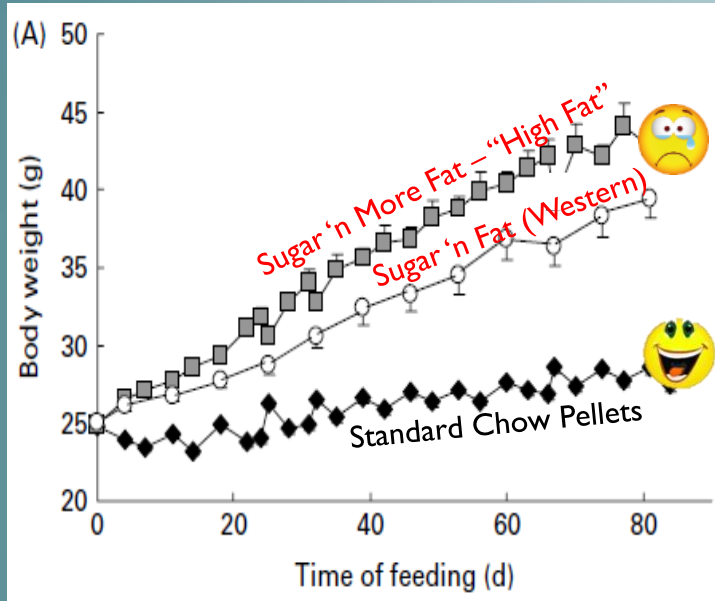


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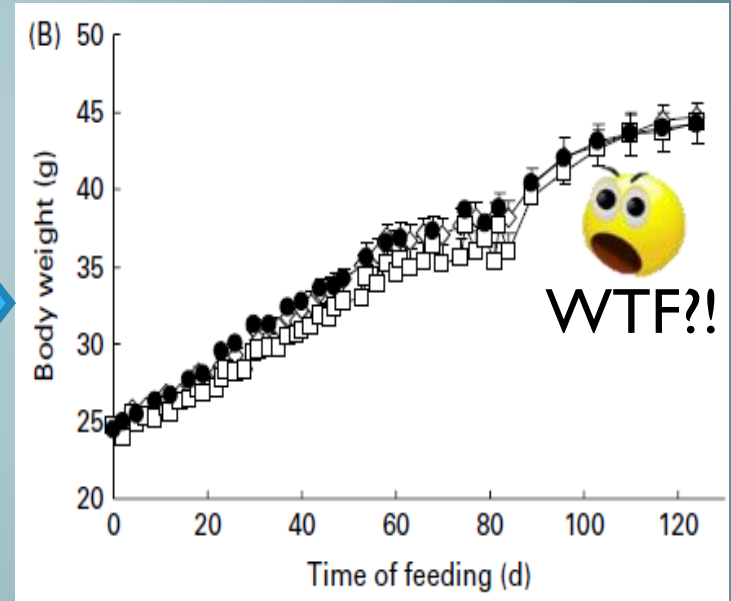


Grind up
each diet?

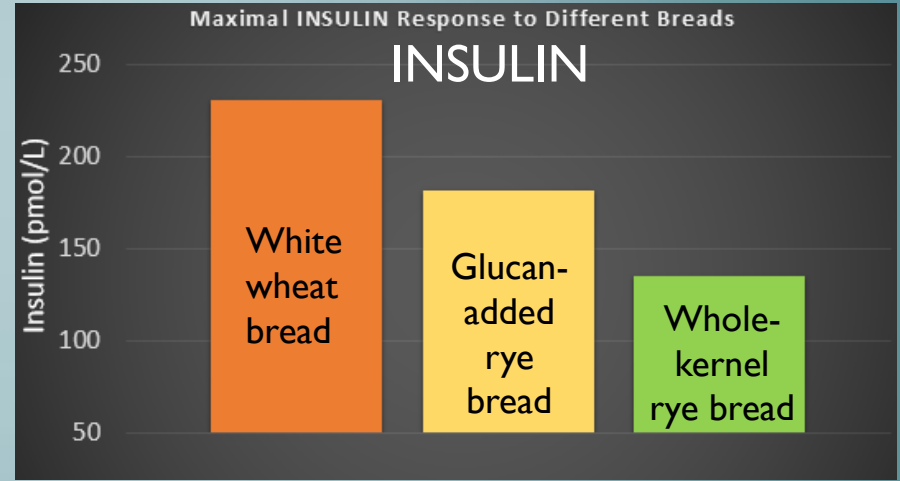
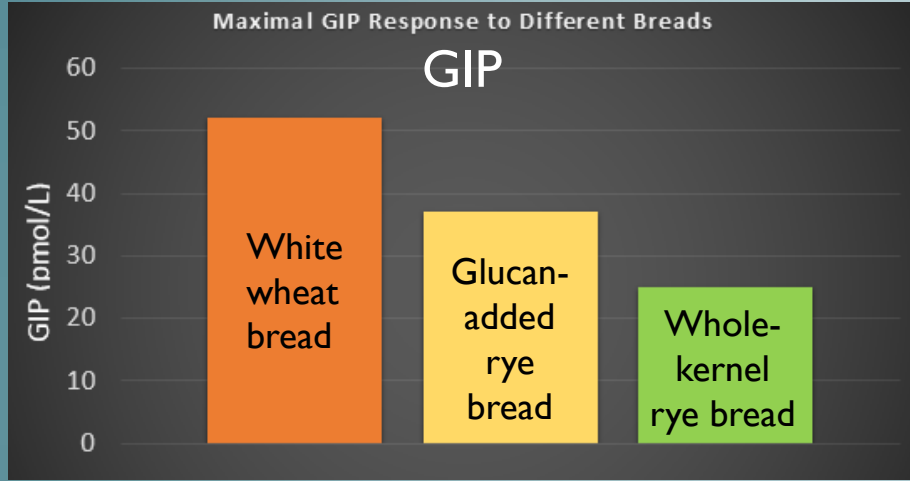
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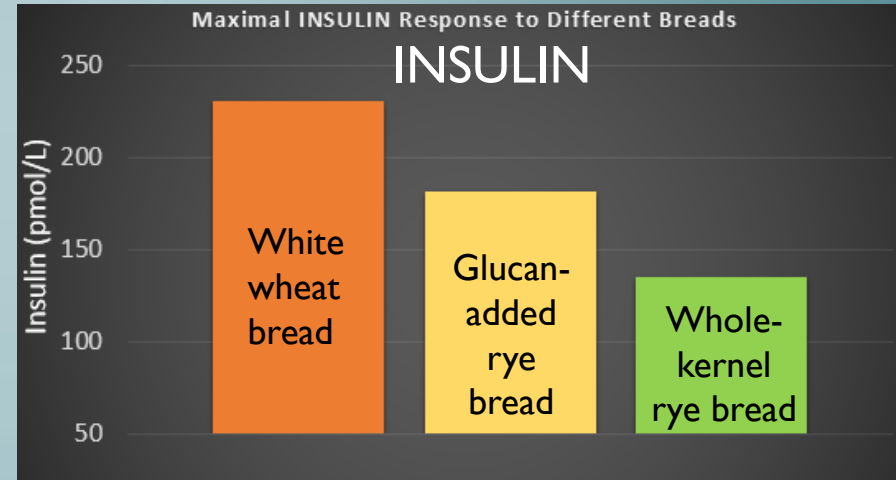
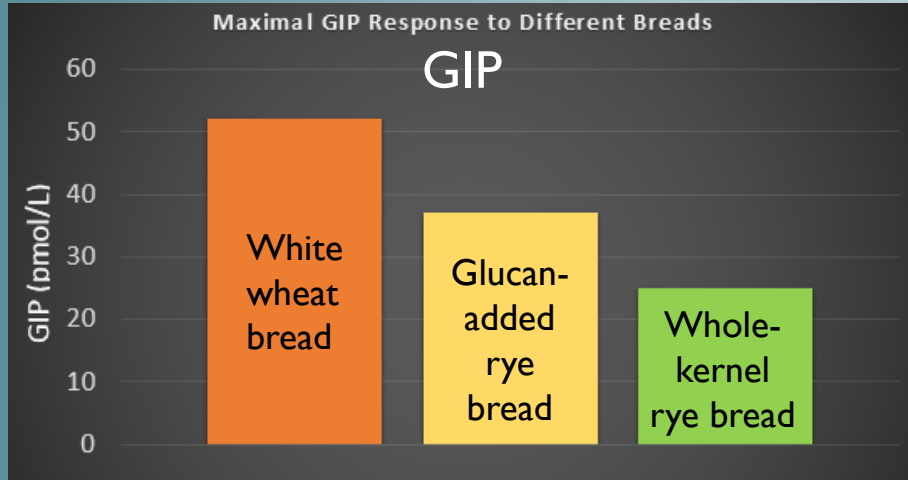
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Refined Grains make **FAT** Humans?

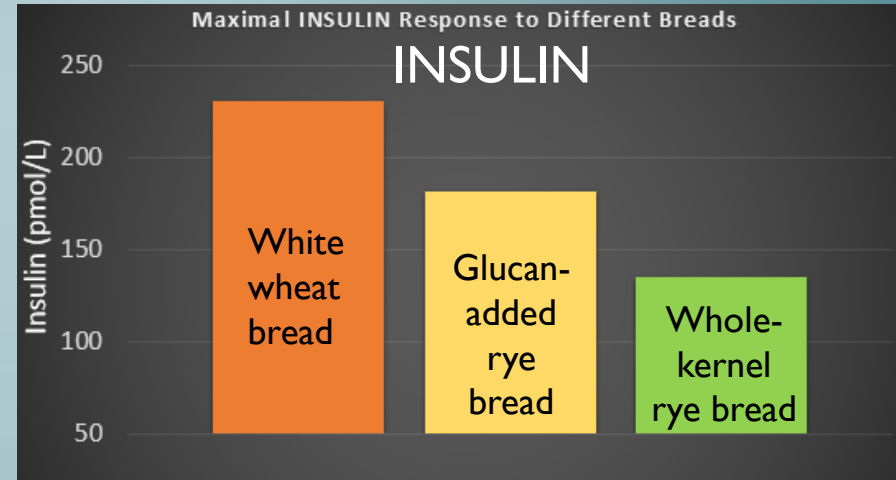
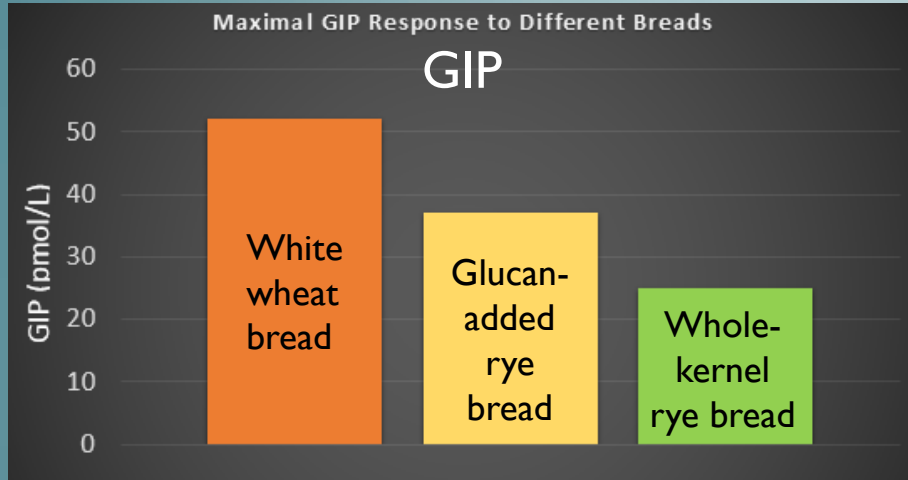


Refined Grains make **FAT** Humans?



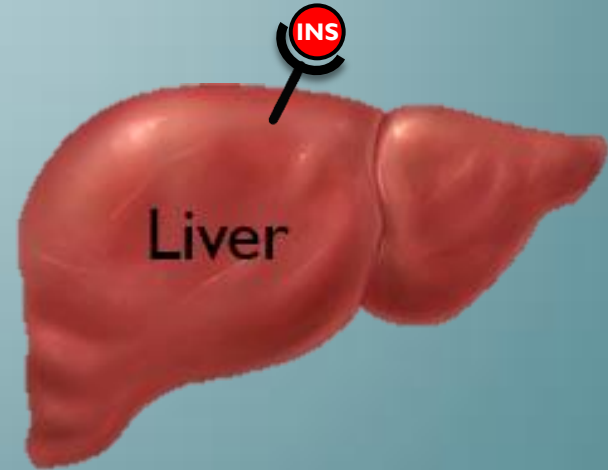
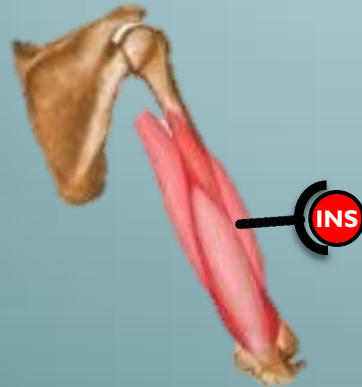
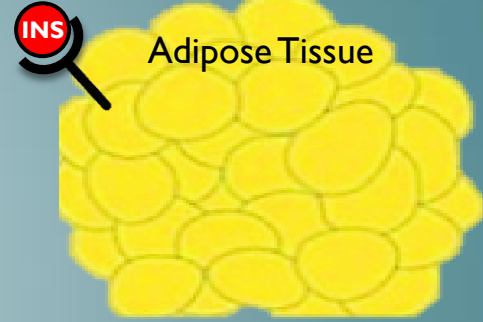
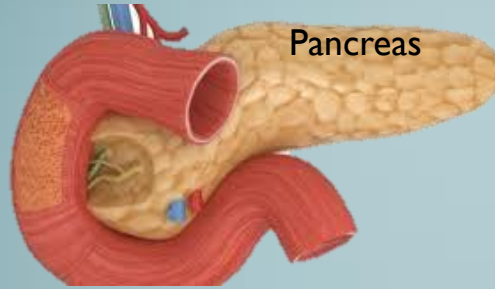
- It wasn't the "fiber".
- It wasn't the "gastric emptying" effect.

Refined Grains make **FAT** Humans?

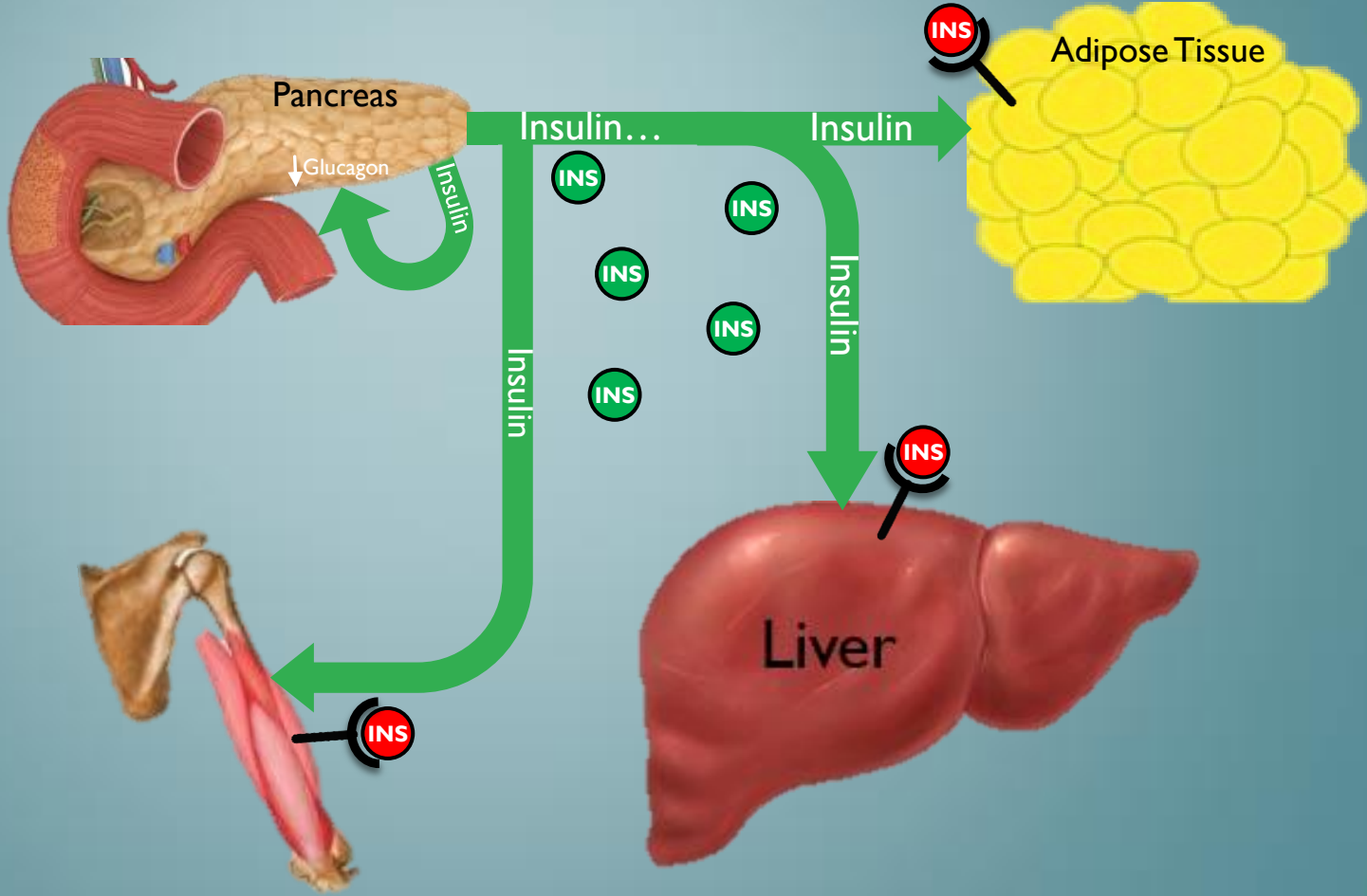


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- It wasn't the "gastric emptying" effect.
- **It was simply the cellular structure of the food particles.**

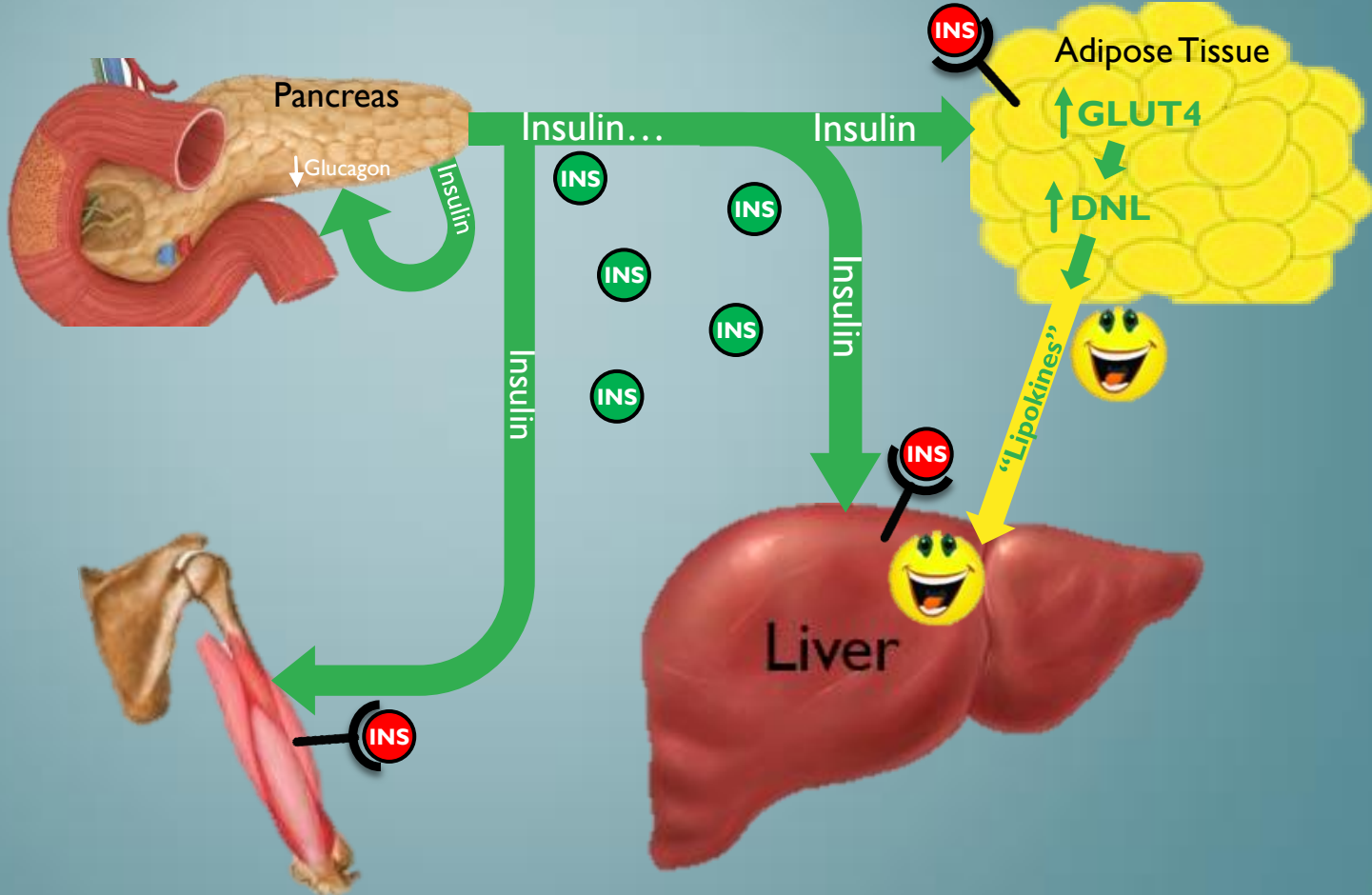
The Insulin Resistance / Hyperinsulinemia Journey



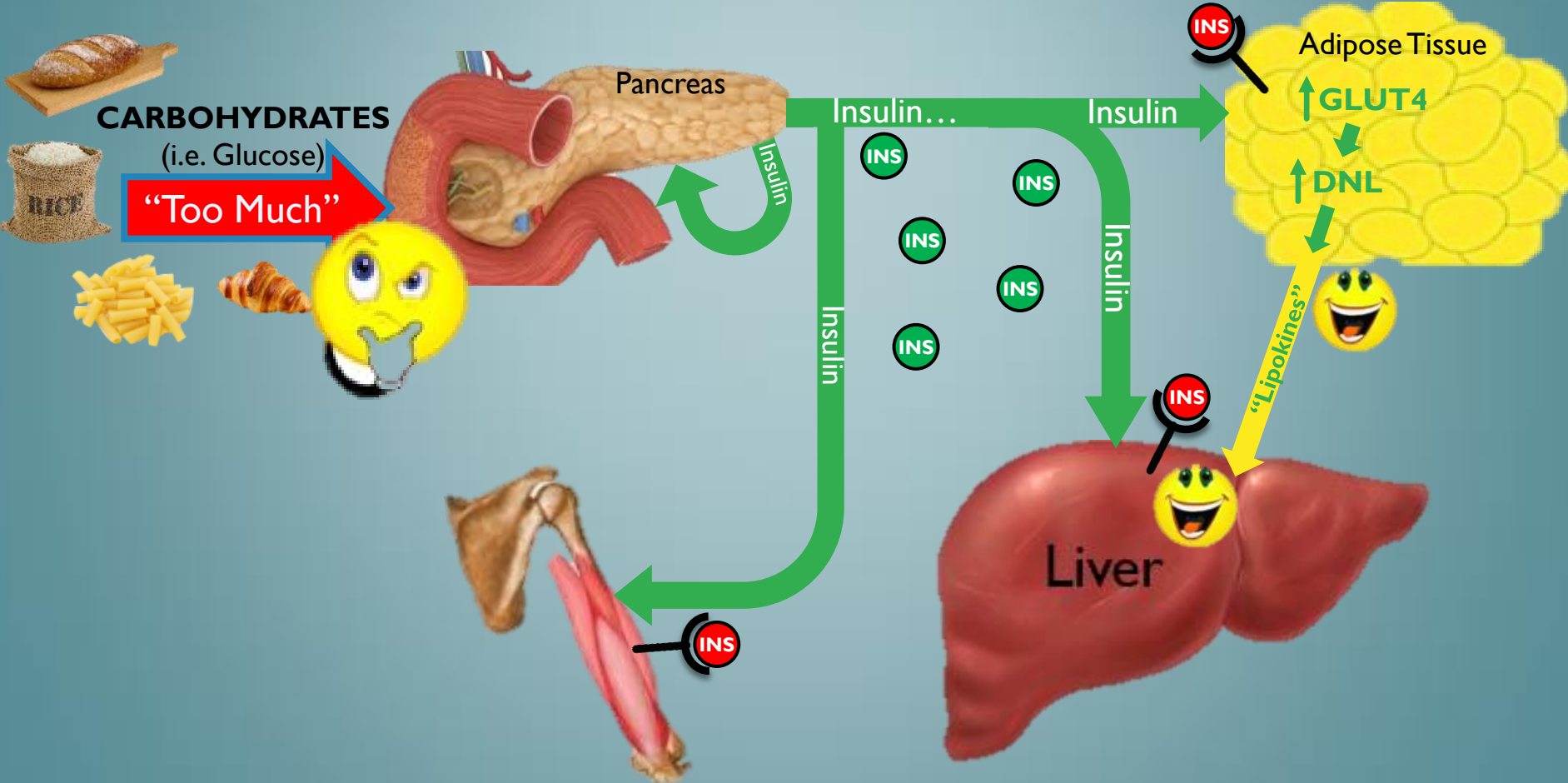
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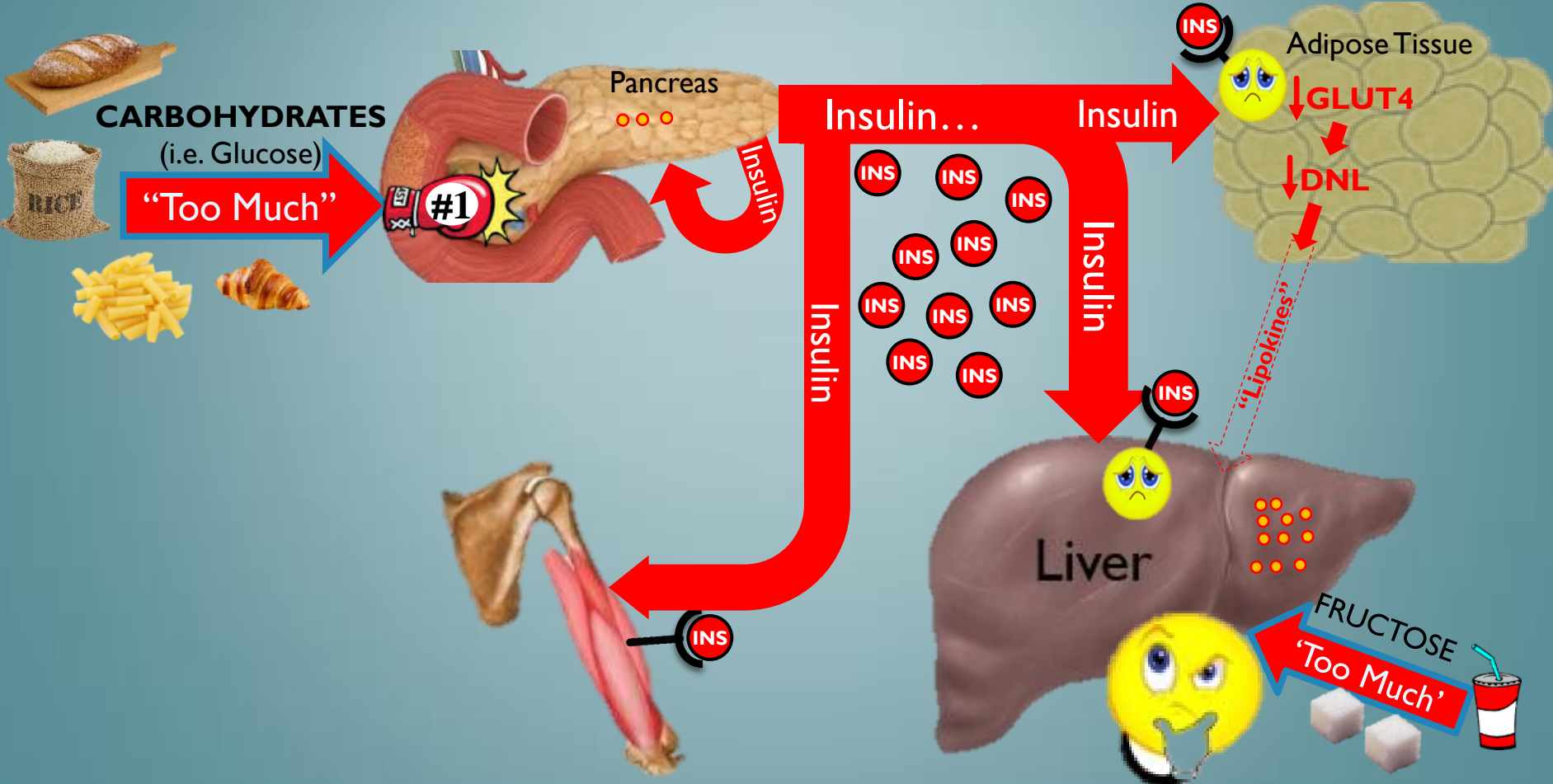
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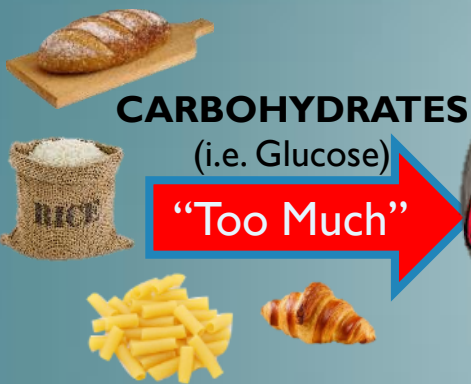
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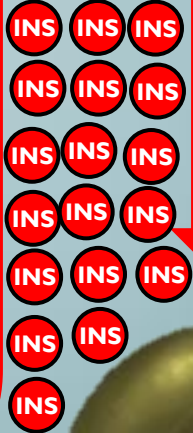
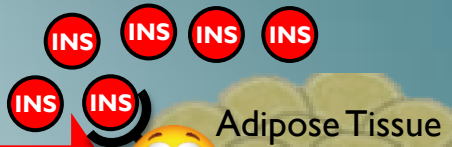
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The Insulin Resistance / Hyperinsulinemia Journey



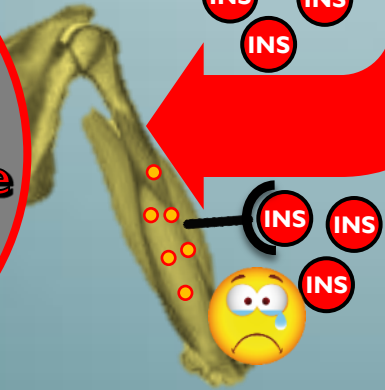
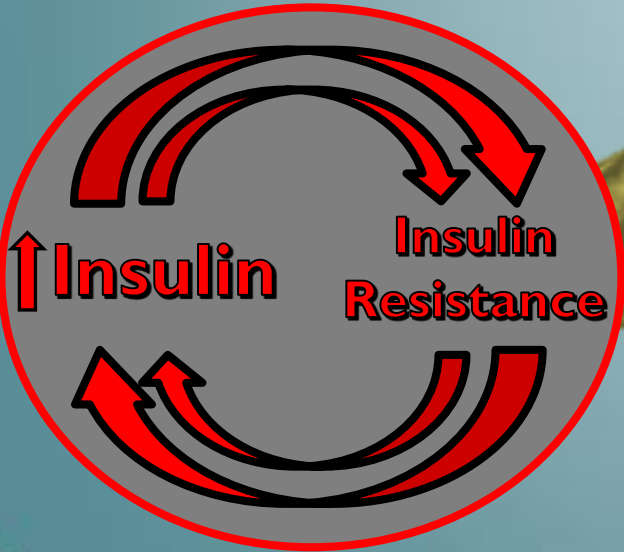
Insulin Insulin



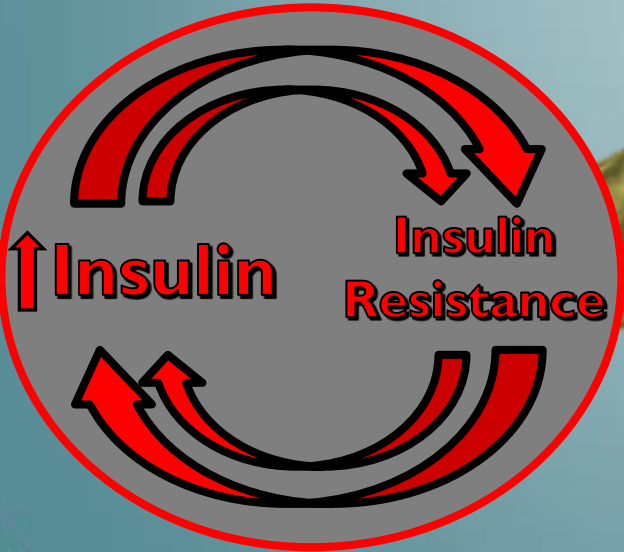
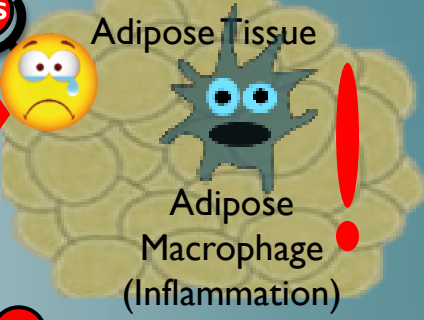
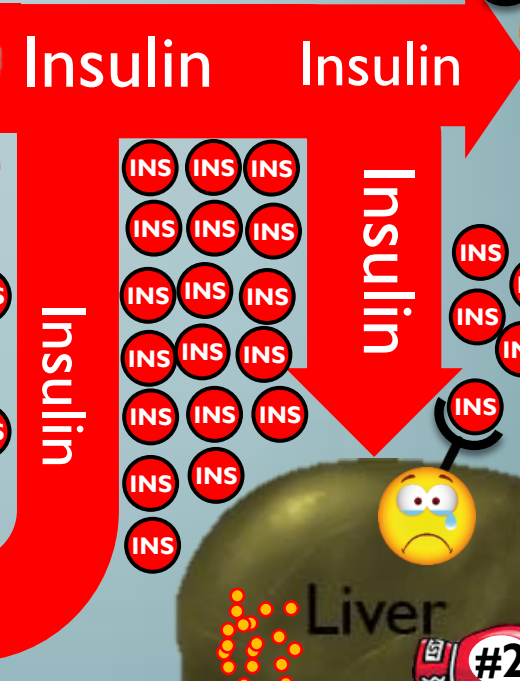
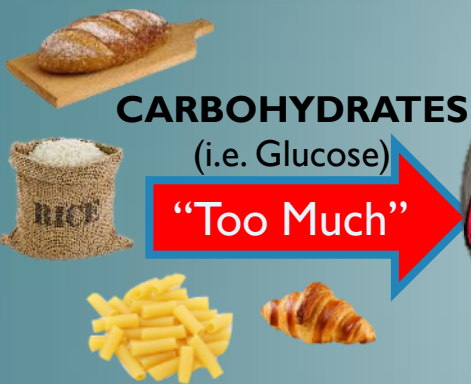
Insulin



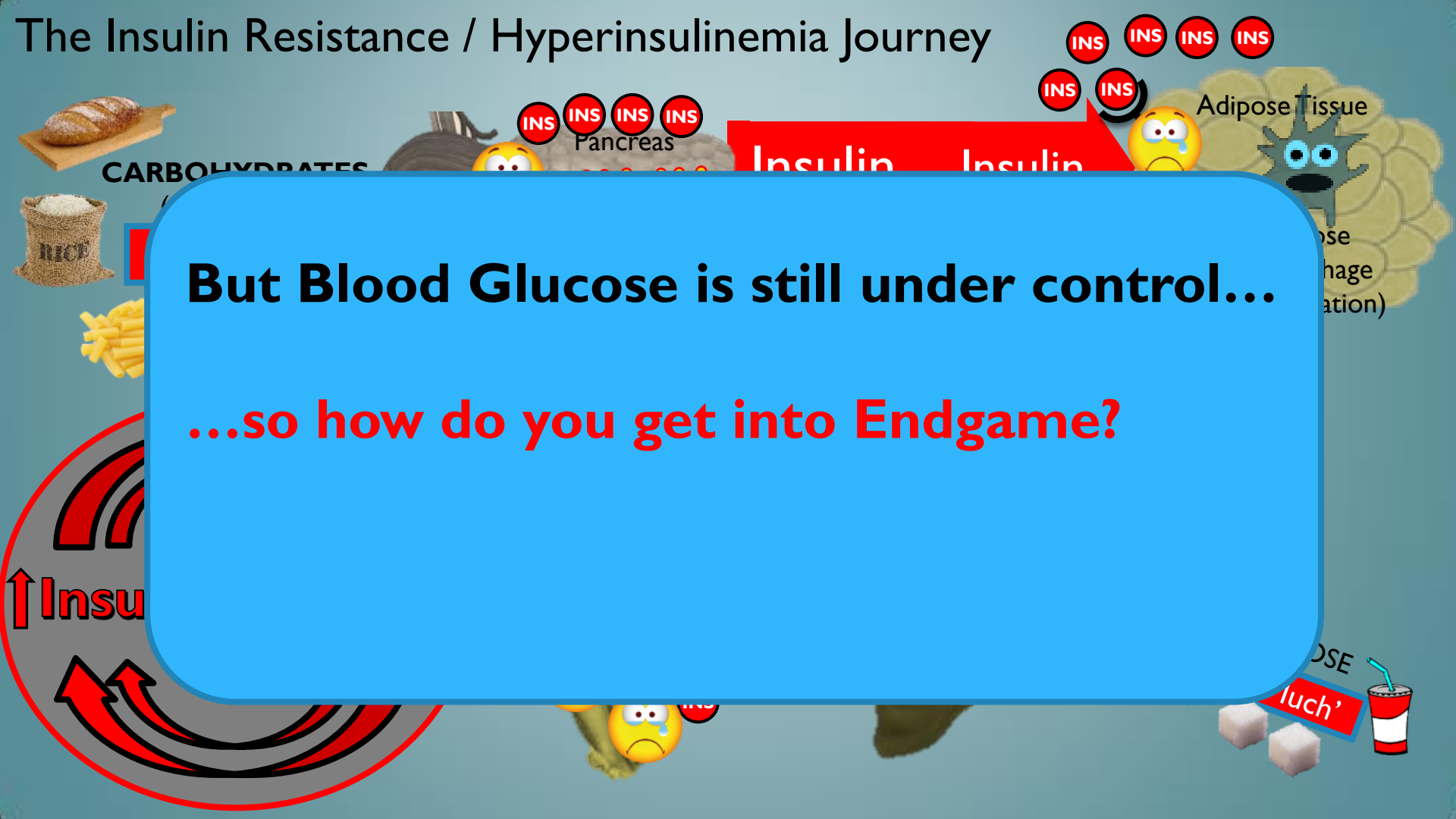
Liver



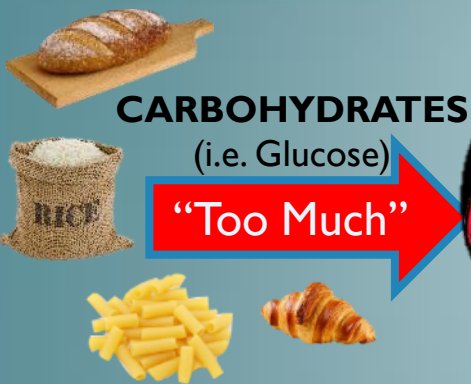
The Insulin Resistance / Hyperinsulinemia Journey



The Insulin Resistance / Hyperinsulinemia Journey

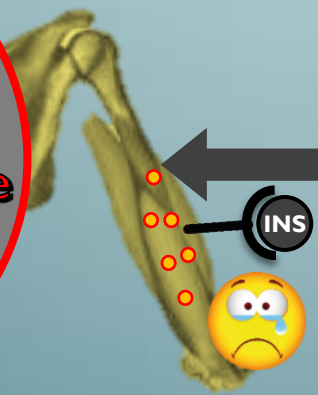
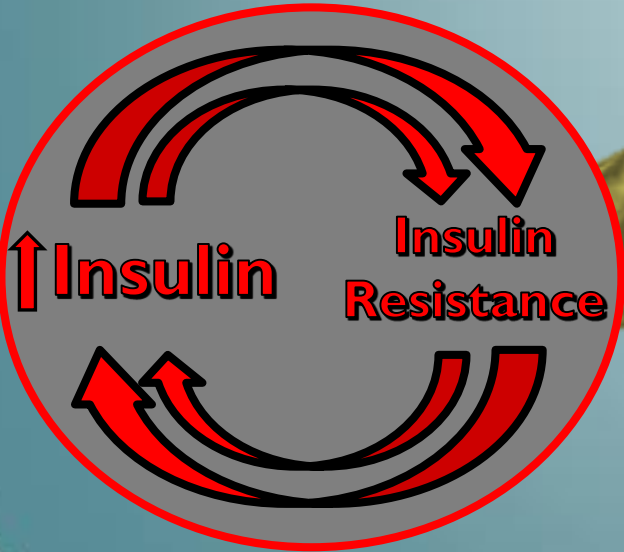
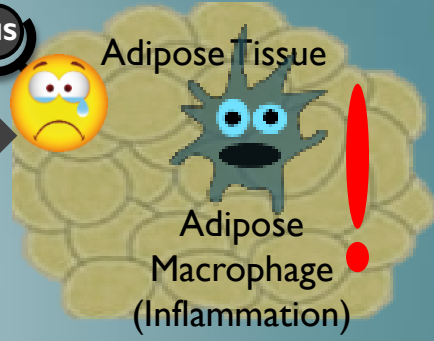
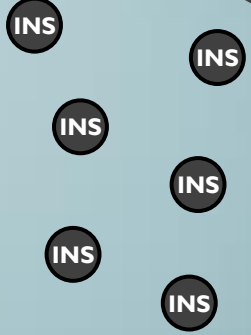


The Insulin Resistance / Hyperinsulinemia Journey

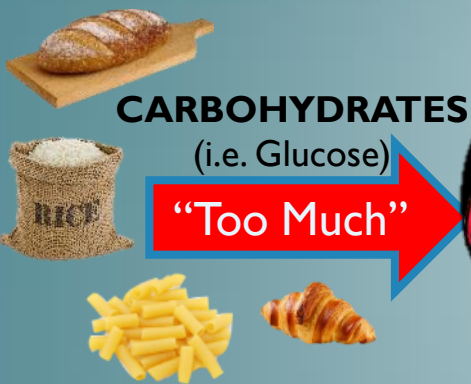


Insulin...

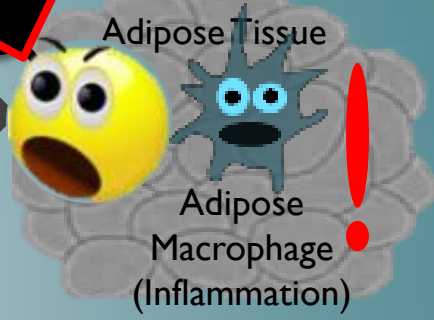
Insulin



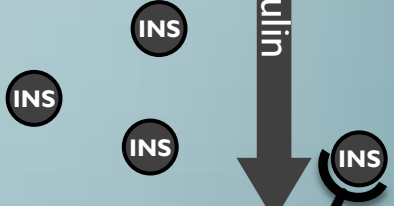
The Insulin Resistance / Hyperinsulinemic



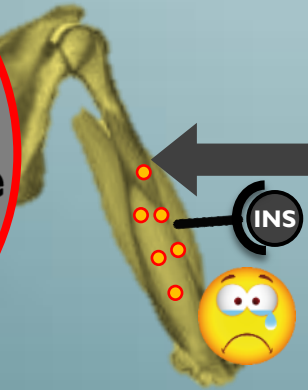
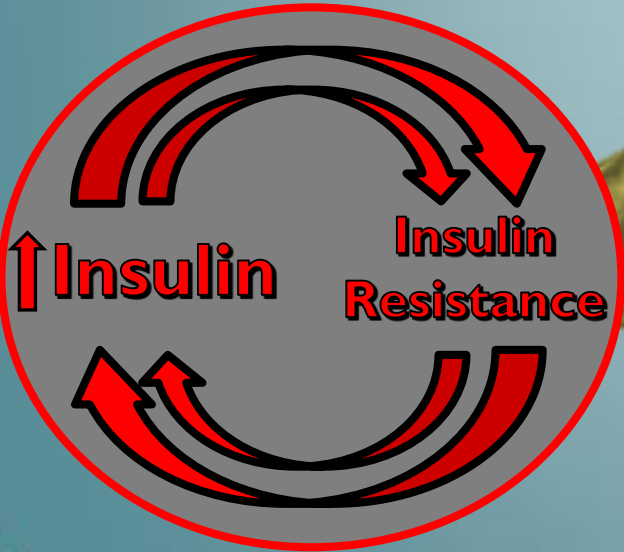
Insulin



Insulin

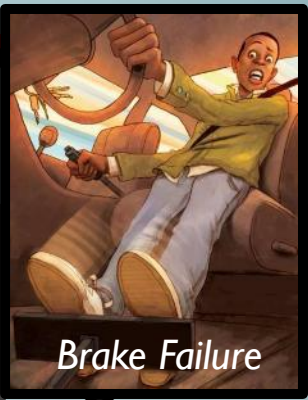
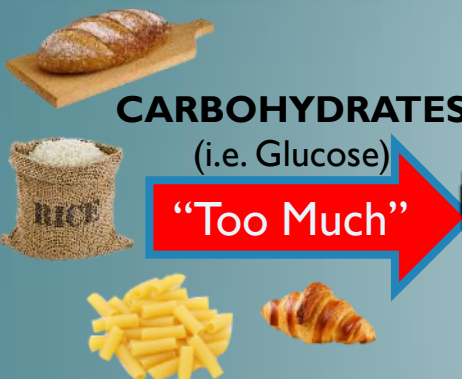


Liver

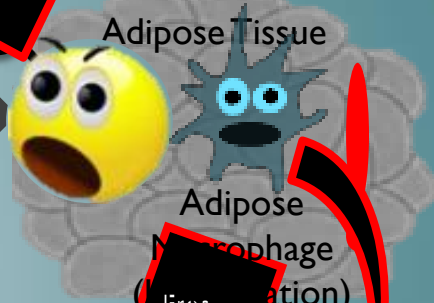


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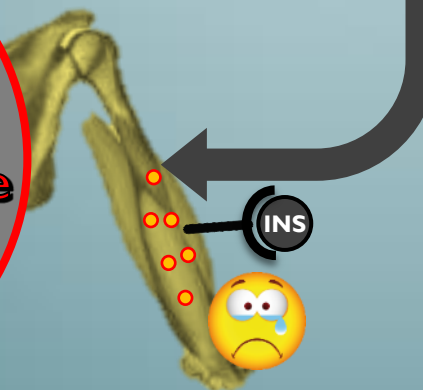
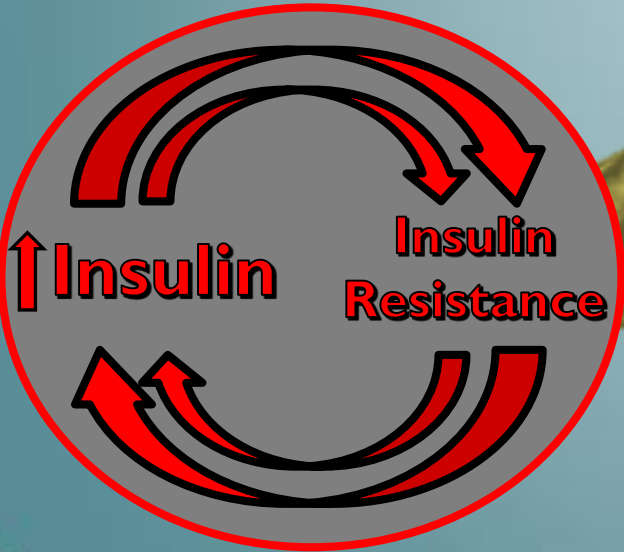
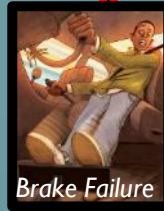
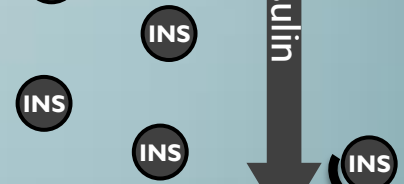
The Insulin Resistance / Hyperinsulinemic



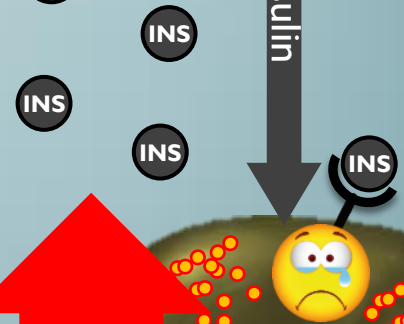
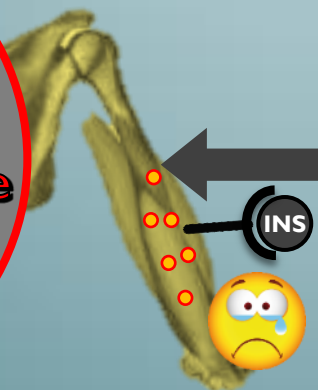
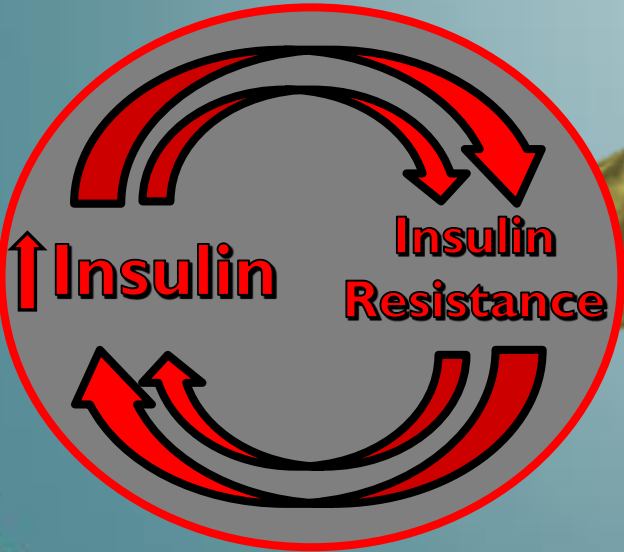
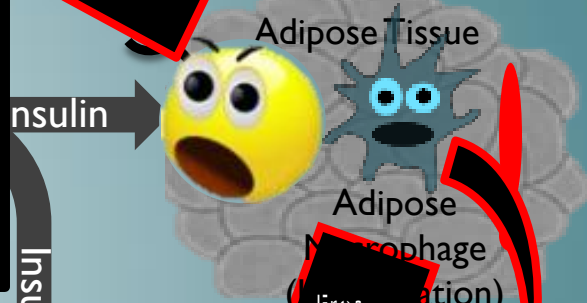
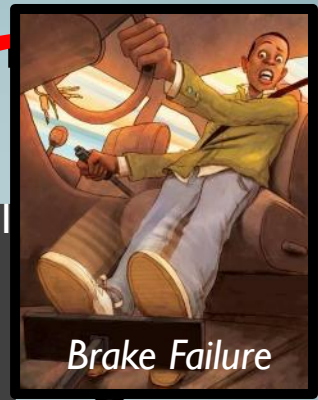
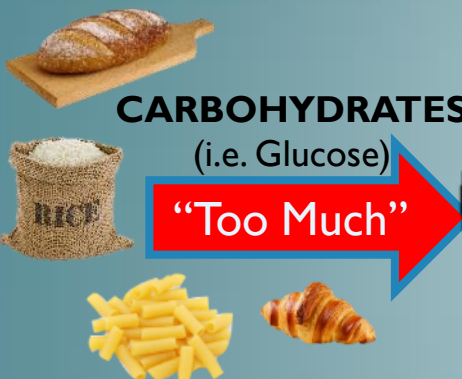
Insulin



Insulin



The Insulin Resistance / Hyperinsulinemic



The Insulin Resistance / Hyperinsulinemia



CARBOHYDRATE
(i.e. Glucose)

“Too Much”

GAME OVER

INSERT INSULIN
TO CONTINUE

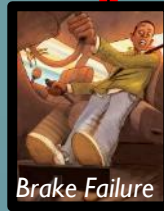


↑ Insulin

Adipose Tissue

Adipose
Phagocytosis
(Inflammation)

Free Fatty Acids
Glycerol



FRUCTOSE
“Too Much”



PART 3

The Power of the CAC Score

The Ultimate Test for CVD Presence

“We Stand on the Shoulder’s of Giants...”



Bruce Brundage
Cardiologist
Former Professor David Geffan
School of Medicine UCLA



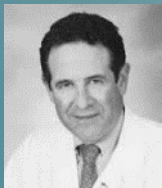
Doug Boyd
Physicist, Inventor of CAC Technology
Former Professor of Radiology (Physics)
UCSF



Harvey S. Hecht
Cardiologist
Professor Mount Sinai Medical
Centre New York



John A. Rumberger
Cardiologist
Princeton Longevity Centre



Arthur Agatston
Cardiologist
Associate Professor of Medicine
University of Miami



Matthew J. Budoff
Cardiologist
Professor of Medicine UCLA

“We Stand on the Shoulder’s of Giants...”



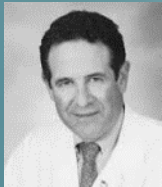
Bruce Brundage
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Former Professor David Geffan
School of Medicine UCLA



Doug Boyd
Physicist, Inventor of CAC Technology
Former Professor of Radiology (Physics)
UCSF



H
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A
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On Vimeo & iTunes

watch this film... it could save your life

THE
WIDOWMAKER

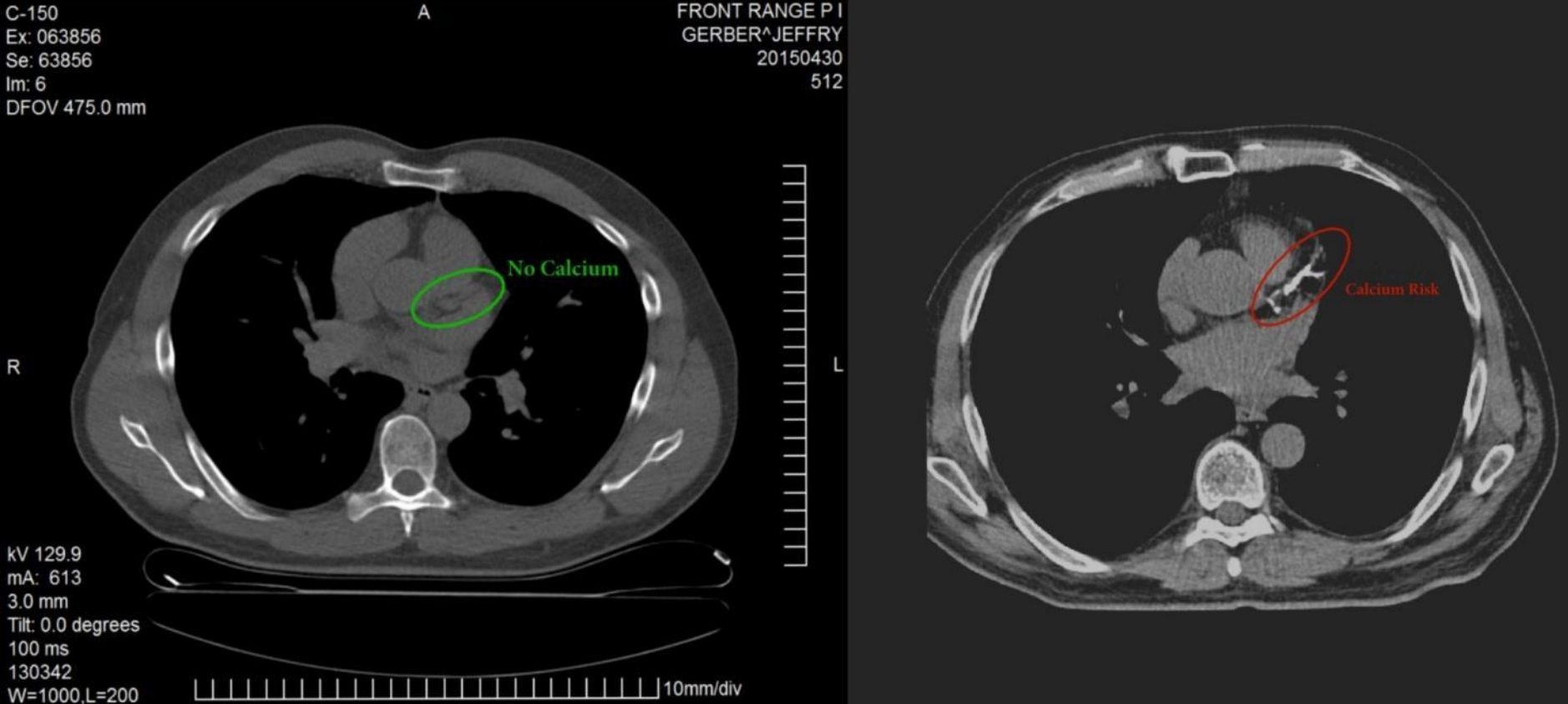
www.widowmakerthemovie.com

The poster features a blue and white color scheme with a background of a human heart and blood vessels. A syringe is positioned vertically in the center, with a stream of liquid falling from it. Several blue pills are scattered around the top. The text is overlaid on this background.

tre

CLA

The CT Scan – and the CAC Score



The CT Scan – and the CAC Score

C-150
Ex: 063856
Se: 63856
Im: 6
DFOV 475.0 mm

FRONT RANGE P I
GERBER^JEFFRY
20150430
512

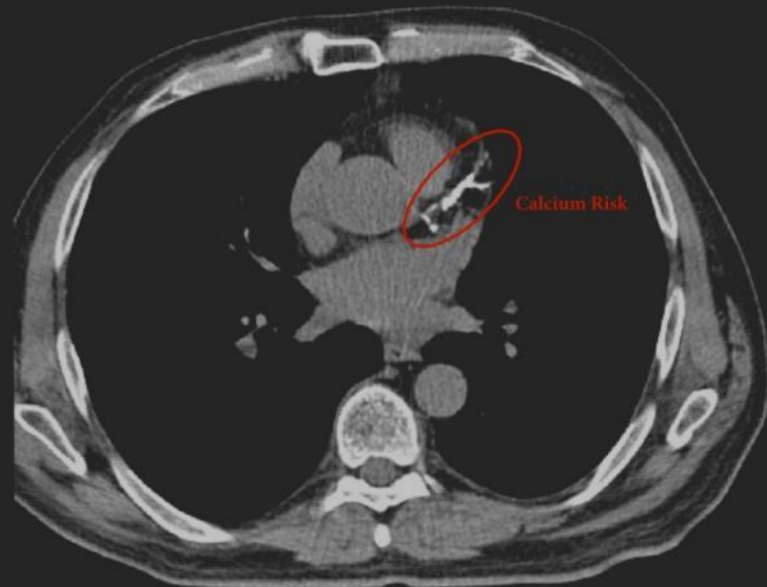
A



No Calcium

KV 129.9
mA: 613
3.0 mm
Tilt: 0.0 degrees
100 ms
130342
W=1000,L=200

10mm/div



Calcium Risk

Framingham Versus Calcium Scoring & CAC

Muddy Waters: Framingham Risk Score	<i>AND WITH YOUR CAC SCORE ?</i>				
	0	1-80	81-400	401-600	>600
10%	?	?	?	?	?



Framingham Versus Calcium Scoring & CAC

Muddy Waters: Framingham Risk Score	AND WITH YOUR CAC SCORE ?				
	0	1-80	81-400	401-600	>600
10%	2.4%	5.4%	?	?	?



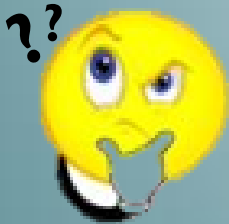
Framingham Versus Calcium Scoring & CAC

Muddy Waters: <i>Framingham</i> Risk Score	<i>AND WITH YOUR CAC SCORE ?</i>				
	0	1-80	81-400	401-600	>600
10%	2.4%	5.4%	16%	?	?



Framingham Versus Calcium Scoring & CAC

Muddy Waters: Framingham Risk Score	AND WITH YOUR CAC SCORE ?				
	0	1-80	81-400	401-600	>600
10%	2.4%	5.4%	16%	25%	36%



Framingham Versus Calcium Scoring & CAC





Muddy Waters: Framingham Risk Score	AND WITH YOUR CAC SCORE ?				
	0	1-80	81-400	401-600	>600
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MUDDY FRAMINGHAM TAKES A GUESS...

Framingham Versus Calcium Scoring & CAC

Muddy Waters: Framingham Risk Score	AND WITH YOUR CAC SCORE ?				
	0	1-80	81-400	401-600	>600
10%	2.4%	5.4%	16%	25%	36%

??    

MUDDY FRAMINGHAM TAKES A GUESS...

THE CALCIUM SCAN **SEES** THE DISEASE.

Always the best test, across all the studies....

Study	Screening Power of CAC Scoring
2005 St Francis Heart	Predicted ~10x Risk with CAC > 100 Vs CAC < 100 (after RF adjustment, and CRP failed)
2008 MESA	Predicted ~8x Risk with CAC > 100 Vs CAC < 100 (after RF adjustment)
2003 Kondos et Al	Predicted ~7x Risk with CAC > 170 Vs CAC < 170 (after RF adjustment)
2005 Taylor et al	Predicted ~12x Risk with CAC > 0 Vs CAC < 0 (after RF adjustment, and CRP failed)
2005 Yeboah et al	CAC beat all predictors as always (CIMT, brachial flow dilation etc. failed again).
2008/2010/2012 Pencina/Polonsky et al	CAC re-classified ~60% of Middle-Risk people...20% became High-Risk, 39% became Low-Risk (CAC blew away CIMT and other predictors by a full order of magnitude)
Budoff et al 2009	CAC = 1 to 10 showed 20x more first-year events vs. CAC = 0 (note factor changes over time...!)
Raggi/Greenland et al 2000/2010	CAC > 400 had 4.8% cardiac events per year, versus 0.1% for CAC = 0. Greenland et al verified CAC = 0 had 0.1% events over 3-5 years , independent of Risk Factors...

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2005 St Francis Heart	Predicted ~10x Risk with CAC > 100 Vs CAC < 100 (after RF adjustment, and CRP failed)
2008 MESA	Predicted ~8x Risk with CAC > 100 Vs CAC < 100 (after RF adjustment, and CRP failed)
2003 Kondos et Al	Predicted ~7x Risk with CAC > 170 Vs CAC < 100 (after RF adjustment, and CRP failed)
2005 Taylor et al	Predicted ~12x Risk with CAC > 100 Vs CAC < 100 (after RF adjustment, and CRP failed)
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2008/2010/2012 Pencina/Polonsky et al	CAC re-classified 39% of High-Risk, 39% became Low-Risk (CAC blew away CAC < 100 magnitude)
Budoff et al 2009	CAC = 1 to 10 showed 20x more first-year events vs. CAC = 0 (note factor changes over time...!)
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Coronary Calcium is not a 'Risk Factor'
CALCIUM SEES THE DISEASE PROCESS ITSELF

And what about CAC Score progression ??

And what about CAC Score progression ??

Yearly CAC Score Increase High (more than 15%)

Starting Score

100-1000

3.5 Years Pass by...



And what about CAC Score progression ??

Yearly CAC Score Increase High (more than 15%)

**Starting Score
100-1000**

3.5 Years Pass by...



And what about CAC Score progression ??

Yearly CAC Score Increase High (more than 15%)

Starting Score
100-1000

3.5 Years Pass by...



Yearly CAC Score Increase Low (less than 15%)

Starting Score
100-1000

6 Years Pass by...

And what about CAC Score progression ??

Yearly CAC Score Increase High (more than 15%)

Starting Score
100-1000

3.5 Years Pass by...



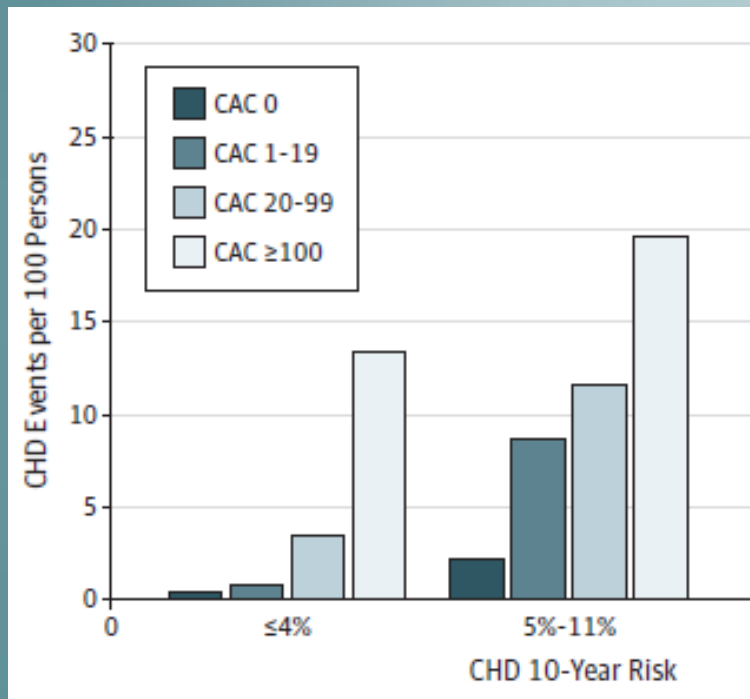
Yearly CAC Score Increase Low (less than 15%)

Starting Score
100-1000

6 Years Pass by...



Very Latest Data...Feb 8th 2017 Study



- **Adults aged 32 to 46 followed**
- **Mean event follow-up 12.5 years**
- **CAC score makes a farce of “risk factors”...**
- **...because it ain't guessing.**

“Association of Coronary Artery Calcium in Adults Aged 32 to 46 Years With Incident Coronary Heart Disease and Death”

JAMA Cardiol. doi:10.1001/jamacardio.2016.5493

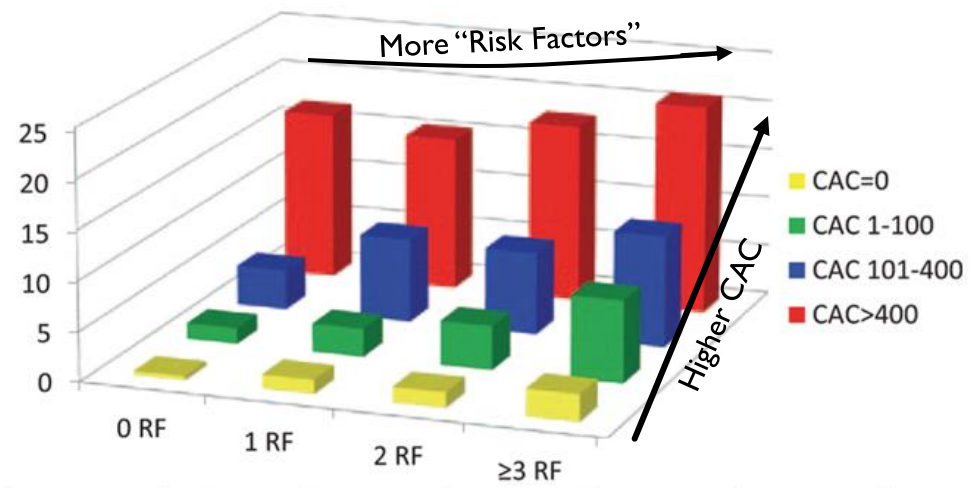
Published online February 8, 2017.

CAC Score is now obligatory for all US presidents and all Astronauts



BUT...If CAC Score Obliterates the “Risk Factors”...

Mortality rate (per 1000 person-years) with increasing coronary artery calcium (CAC) scores according to burden of risk factors (RFs).



	0 RF	1 RF	2 RF	≥3RF	Total
CAC=0	9,805	4,558	3,322	2,123	19,898
CAC:					1
CAC					:
CAC>					:
Total	18,819	10,093	8,754	6,386	44,052

...which it does

Then WHY doesn't LDLc correlate with it?

- Why do autopsy studies of the correlation between the extent of coronary atherosclerosis and serum cholesterol yield null results? The answer that the blood samples, mostly from acci-
- Why did Hecht et al. [7] fail to find no correlation between LDL and the coronary calcium percentile (correlation coefficient 0.06 with a scatter plot showing no visible correlation) for 304
- Why do studies that looked for a correlation between TC or LDL and the progression of atherosclerosis find no statistically significant association [12,16–24]? All 10 studies involved EBT/CAC
- Why did Kronmal et al. [12] find among approximately 2900 individuals that the relative risk of incident coronary artery calcium associated with LDL was only 1.03 per 10 mg/dL and barely reached statistical significance (lower CI 1.01) whereas both HDL and triglycerides exhibited much stronger associations?
- Why were Takamiya et al. [15] unable to find any association
- Why in a study of 177 asymptomatic patients of intermediate risk of CHD did Ramadan et al. [14] find a null result (OR = 1.022, $p = 0.361$) for the odds of positive coronary calcification outcome and LDL in a multivariate model? The group studied had a wide range of both LDL levels and calcium scores.
- Why for adults with familial hypercholesterolemia, did Jensen et al. [11] find that age-adjusted coronary calcium scores were not associated with cholesterol levels as assessed by either scatter plots or correlation coefficients?
- Why did Arad et al. [10] in the St. Francis Heart Study find no correlation ($r = 0.03$, $p = 0.15$) between LDL levels and coronary calcium scores in 4903 asymptomatic individuals?

LDL and the calcium score with Spearman correlation coefficients near zero? Multivariate analysis gave an odds ratio of 1.005 for LDL [9].

asymptomatic individuals judged free of CHD (Spearman's coefficient = 0.07 and 0.08, respectively). Even the correlation coefficient

Then WHY doesn't LDLc correlate with it?

DIABETIC PHYSIOLOGY is the most powerful predictor of CAC Score

Why... and the... icant association [12,16-24]? An 10 studies involved EBT/CAC

LDL and the calcium score with Spearman correlation coefficients near zero? Multivariate analysis gave an odds ratio of 1.005 for LDL [9].

Why in a study of 177 asymptomatic patients of intermediate risk of CHD did Ramadan et al. [14] find a null result (OR = 1.022, $p = 0.361$) for the odds of positive coronary calcification outcome and LDL in a multivariate model? The group studied had a wide range of both LDL levels and calcium scores.

Why did Kronmal et al. [12] find among approximately 2900 individuals a relative risk of incident coronary artery calcification for each 10 mg/dL increase in LDL was only 1.005 (95% CI 1.001-1.009) whereas both cross-sectional and longitudinal associations?

Why did Jensen et al. [11] find no statistically significant association between TC or LDL and the presence of coronary calcification in 100 asymptomatic individuals judged free of CHD (Spearman's coefficient = 0.07 and 0.08, respectively). Even the correlation coefficient was not statistically significant.

Why for adults with familial hypercholesterolemia, did Jensen et al. [11] find that age-adjusted coronary calcium scores were not associated with cholesterol levels as assessed by either scatter plots or correlation coefficients?

Why did Arad et al. [10] in the St. Francis Heart Study find no correlation ($r = 0.03$, $p = 0.15$) between LDL levels and coronary calcium scores in 4903 asymptomatic individuals?

WRAPUP

“Striking at the Root”

What would I personally prioritise?

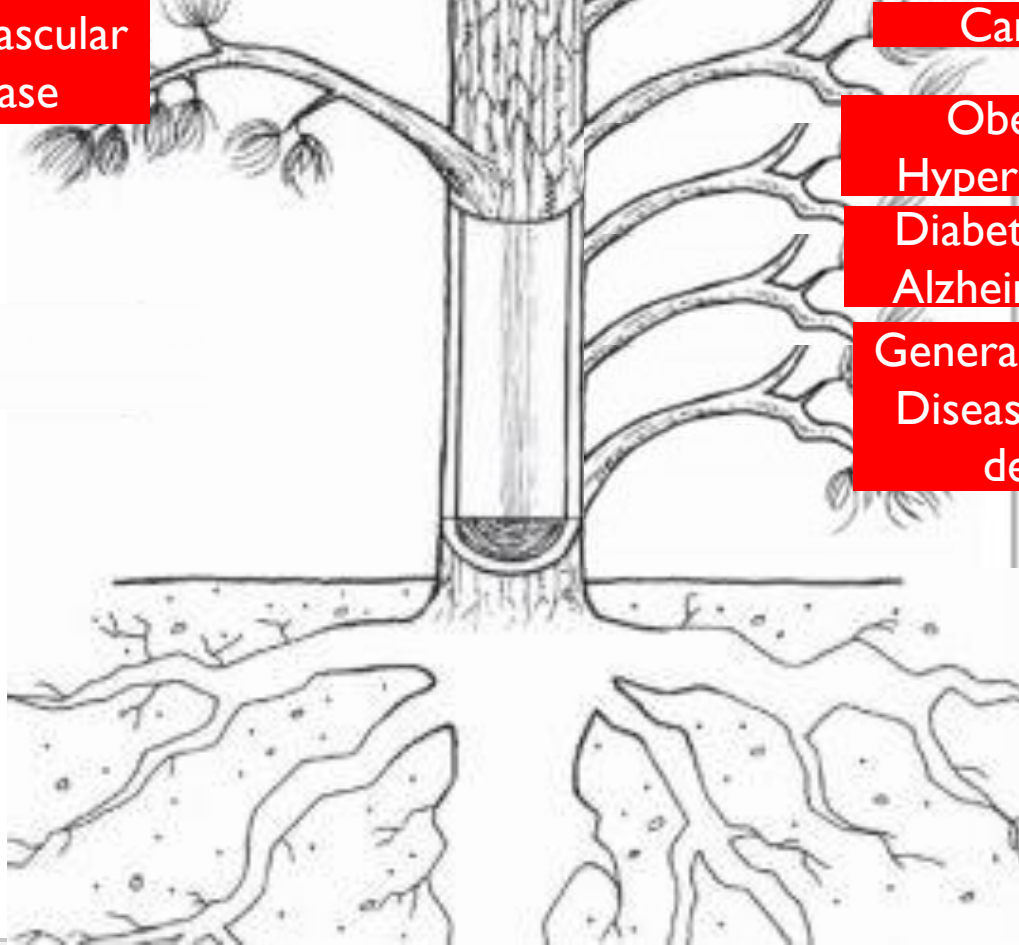
Cardiovascular
Disease

Cancers

Obesity/
Hypertension

Diabetes &
Alzheimers

General Chronic
Disease / early
death



*“There are a thousand hacking at the branches of evil - to one who is striking at the **root** (causes).”*

Cardiovascular
Disease

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Obesity/
Hypertension

Diabetes &
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General Chronic
Disease / early
death

INSULIN Etc.
SIGNALLING



*“There are a thousand hacking at the branches of evil - to one who is striking at the **root** (causes).”*

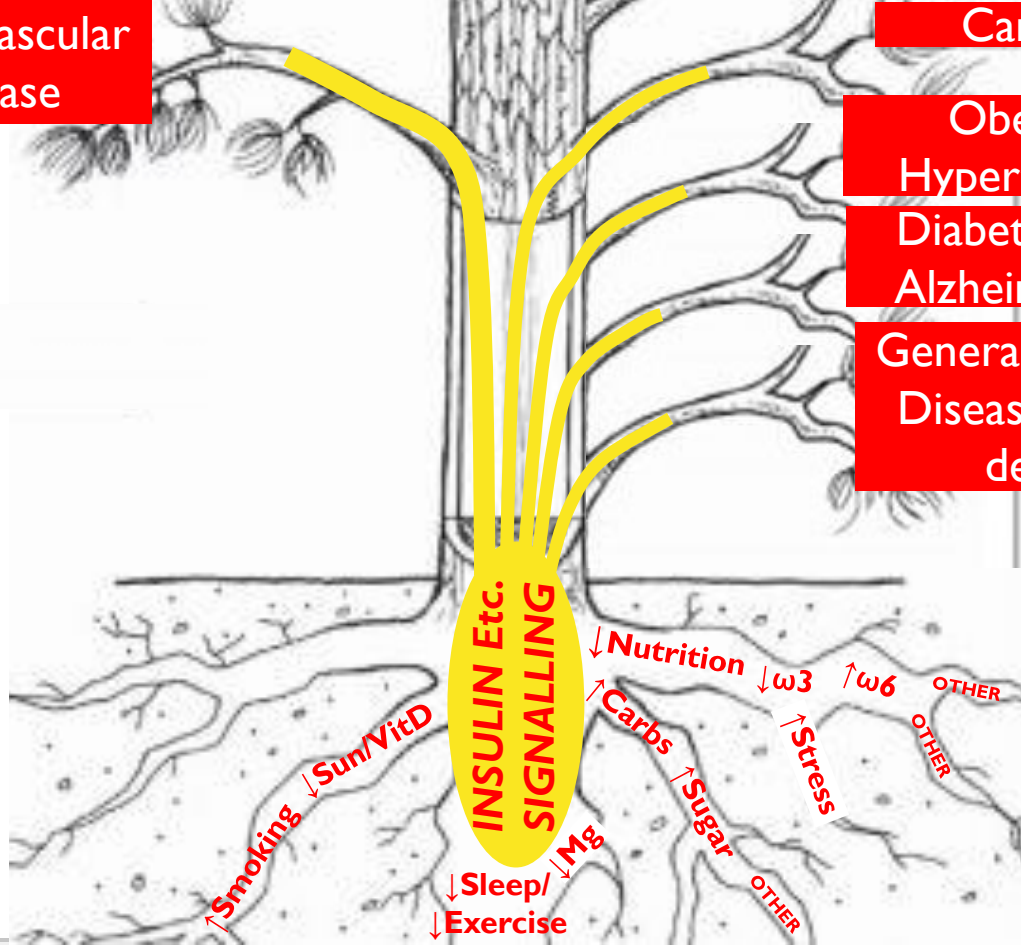
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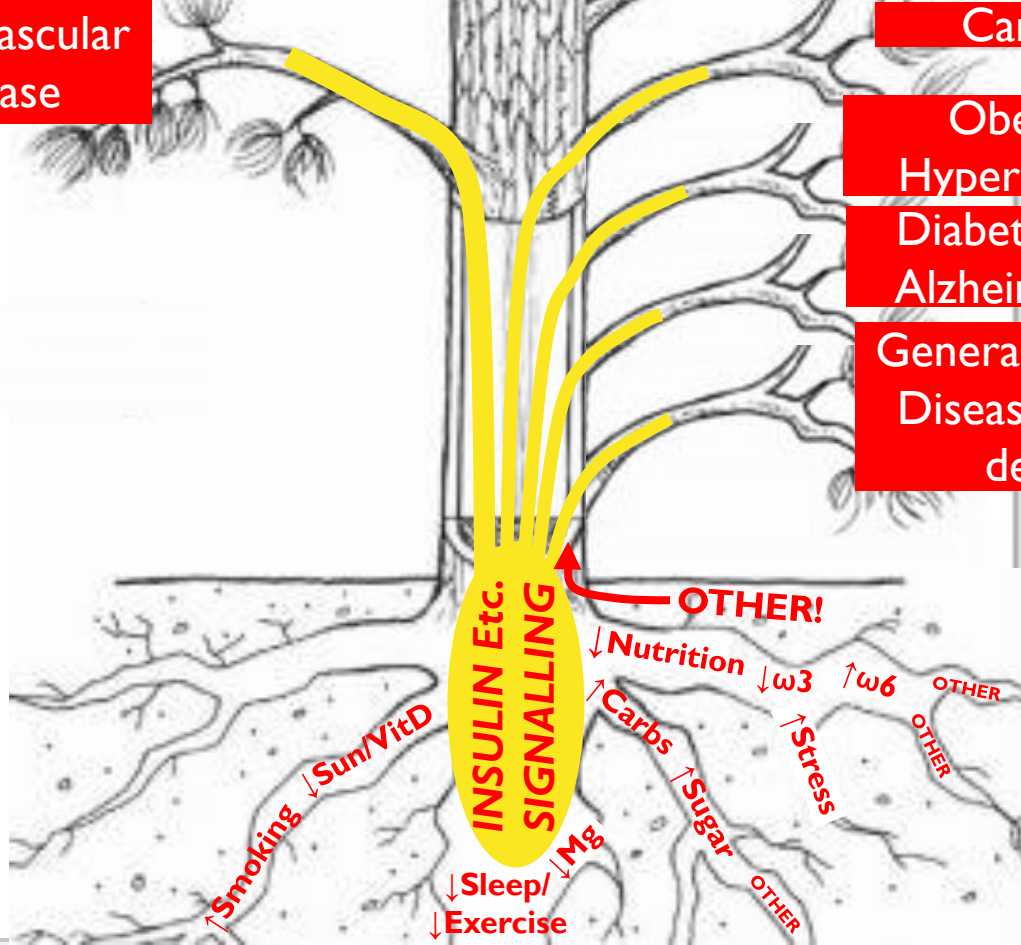
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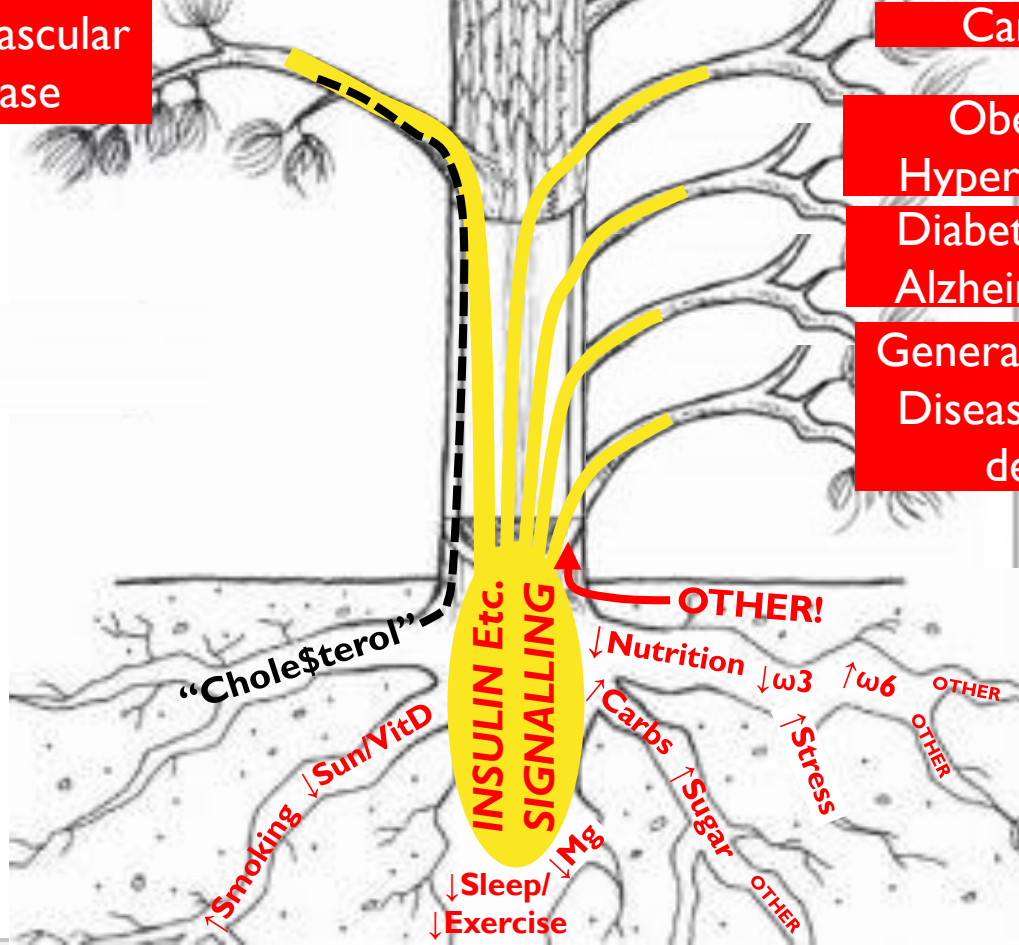
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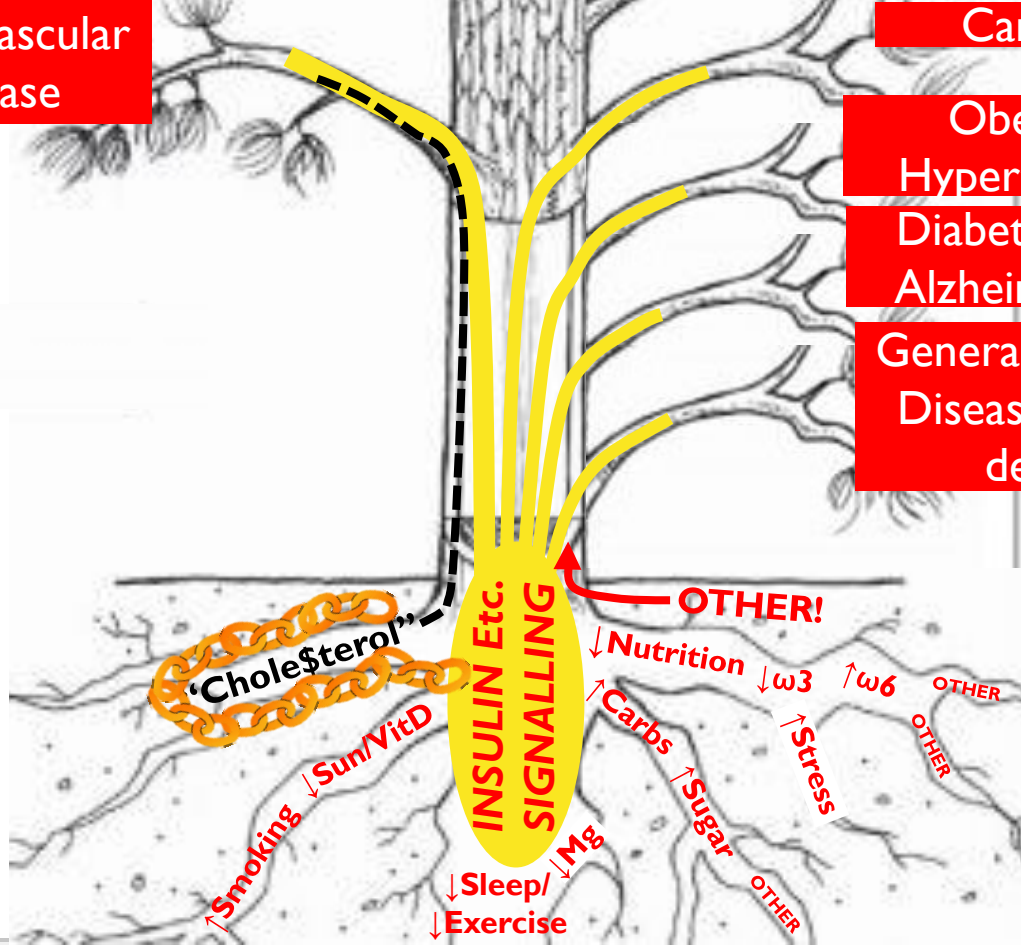
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